

WILSON KEEPS UP ATTACK ON PLAN TO REGULATE TRUSTS

but in where his ideas
see multiplying signs that his ideas
come from those who have set up mono-
poly and who naturally wish to
maintain it, though they are willing to
be pitiful to us and considerate, and
to contact themselves. This results
(Continued on Page 10)

PRESIDENT TAFT PROPOSES NEW AGRICULTURAL CREDIT SYSTEM

Would Lower Cost of Production, He Says, and Would Thus Be Means of Reducing Present High Cost of Living

BEVERLY, Mass., Oct. 11.—Radical legislation in favor of the American farmer and consumer as a means of solving the question of the high cost of living was urged by President Taft today in a letter to the governors of all the states.

President Taft proposes to reduce the cost of foodstuffs on the American dinner table by reducing the cost to the farmer of producing his crops. This would be done by establishing in the interest of the farmer a financial machine which would give him access to all the money centers of the world and afford him credit at greatly reduced rates and upon more advantageous terms than he now receives. The complete development of our agricultural resources which this would make possible, thinks President Taft, would go a long way toward settling the problem of the high cost of living.

"What this plan offers," writes President Taft, "is a means of securing the country greater productivity, at less cost, than the farms that are now under cultivation, and, above all, to give us more farms and more farmers."

The plan suggested is based upon the principle of agricultural co-operative credit now in practically every country of Europe. Uniform state legislation, in the opinion of President Taft, is essential to the successful adoption of this plan and he has invited the governors of all the states

to a conference upon this subject at the time of the annual meeting of governors in Washington in December.

"Were not the interval so short," writes President Taft, "my conviction of the importance of this subject would impel me to invite you to a conference at a still earlier date."

REPORTS ARE BASIS.

President Taft bases his recommendations on reports submitted by the American diplomatic officers in Europe who have, since last March, been engaged in an investigation of this question and upon the special report of Ambassador Myron T. Herrick, who has made a study for years of the question of adopting co-operative credit in the United States.

"A study of these reports," writes President Taft, "and of the recommendations of Ambassador Herrick, which I am sending you, convinces me of the adaptability of this system of co-operative credit plan as set forth in the organization of the Landwirtschaftliche Bank of Germany. (The establishment and conduct of such banks, however, are matters for state control.) I suggest, also, the establishment of land-mortgage banks under state charter, for the purpose of co-operative mortgage-bond societies along the lines of the Landwirtschaftliche Bank of Germany, provided that uniform state legislation can be secured to govern their organization and operation. As a later step, I favor the enactment of laws by Congress permitting the organization of national land-mortgage banks, to be operated under strict government supervision with the power to guarantee and market the guaranteed debenture bonds of the state land-mortgage banks or co-operative societies. I recommend for your consideration the report and recommendations of Ambassador Herrick, now published by the Department of State for general distribution."

"The twelve millions of farmers of the United States add each year to the national wealth \$3,400,000,000. They are doing this on a borrowed capital of \$3,000,000,000. On this sum they pay annually interest charges of \$510,000,000. Counting commissions and renewal charges, the interest rate paid by the farmer of this country is averaged at 7 1/2 per cent, as compared to a rate of 4 1/2 to 5 1/2 per cent paid by the farmer, for instance, of France or Germany."

INTEREST RATE HIGHER.

"Again, the interest rate paid by the American farmer is considerably higher than that paid by our industrial corporations, railroads, or municipalities. Yet, I think, it will be admitted that the security offered by the farmer in his farm lands is quite as sound as that offered by industrial corporations. Why, then, will not the investor furnish the farmer with money at as advantageous rates as he is willing to supply it to the industrial corporations? Obviously, the advantage enjoyed by the industrial corporation lies in the financial machinery at its command, which permits it to place its offer before the investor in a more attractive and more readily negotiable form. The farmer lacks this machinery, and, lacking it, he suffers unreasonably. This is not theory."

"But the advantages to be gained by the adoption of this plan go beyond the direct saving in interest charges to the farmer. The great necessity which prompted the establishment and extension of this plan throughout Europe was that of checking the rapidly advancing increases in the cost of foodstuffs, brought about by the inevitable increase in consumption and the failure of the long-drained soil to afford a corresponding increase in production. This problem faces the people of this country today—not in so severe a form as it threatened the older countries of Europe, but, still, as a great and pressing economic problem."

"In Europe this problem has been successfully met, first, by reducing the cost to the farmer of producing his crops and, secondly, by increasing his production through the adoption of improved methods of cultivation. Both the federal and state governments in this country have done much to afford the farmer instruction in improved agricultural methods. But it still remains for us to reduce the cost of the farmer's production by affording him the necessary capital for the exploitation of his soil upon the most advantageous terms. He must be afforded the money necessary for him to adopt improved methods. It must be made profitable for him to place every acre of his ground under cultivation. This offers the consumer relief from the increasing cost of foodstuffs."

NO CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT.

President Taft strongly deprecates any idea of establishing co-operative credit in the United States through the support of government subsidies.

"We must establish a credit system, for, and by the farmers of the United States," he writes. "The farmer enjoys today great prosperity, the factories are busy, the workmen are employed, and everywhere the wheels of industry hum. The farmer shares in this general prosperity. The proposal which I make is not to subsidize the American farmer. Formerly, for the country he does not need it, nor would he accept it."

President Taft warns the governors that in this plan, as in all financial schemes, there is room for harmful exploitation for personal gain.

"The most essential point to bear in mind is the need for the assumption by the federal and state governments of the responsibility for economically and honestly conducted institutions. Such assumption is the essential precedent for maintaining the confidence of the American people in the European investing public."

If this safeguard is given the farm-land banks President Taft is convinced that he can secure the farmers a market for their mortgage loans not only in all of the big money centers of this country but also on the exchange of Europe and thus afford the American farmer the capital necessary for the full exploitation of the entire agricultural resources of this country.

GUY EDDIE IS GIVEN HEARING

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 10.—The preliminary hearing of City Prosecutor Guy Eddie, arrested October 2, charged with contributing to the delinquency of Mrs. Alice Phelps of Bloomington, Ill., who is but 20 years old, was not completed at today's hearing.

Judge Wilbur, in the juvenile court, again postponed the hearing because of the illness of Earl Rogers. Today's hearing, like the first, was secret. Mrs. Phelps and Probation Officer D. A. Johnson, who aided in Eddie's arrest, were the only witnesses heard and the case went over until tomorrow.

Here's the Greatest Sale of Untrimmed Hats That's Been Offered in Fresno in a Long Time

Large and Small Velvet Shapes

Special Today
Black Leather Hand Bags \$1.19

Wonderfully fine bags for such a low price; strap handles, moire or leather lined; coin purses to match; nickel or gun metal frame.

Barrettes Worth to 65c 19c

Hand carved barrettes; highly finished in lace effects; shell and amber colorings; wonderful bargains.

You'll surely be here today if you have a new fall hat want. It will take but a few moments to read the bargain-giving news offered in this sale and it will mean a big saving to all who take advantage. Over three hundred new shapes just received. Placed in this sale today.



Small Black Velvet Hats \$2.50

Handsome, new effects with rolling brims worth \$3.00.

\$4.00 Black Velvet Picture Shapes

We place about a hundred of these stylish shapes in a dozen of the newest fall styles. Large picture effects. Gainsboroughs, or rolling brims also large French felts. Shown today for first time.

\$2.50 and \$3.00 Silk Shapes \$1.49

Solid colors and changeable effects. Some faced with velvet.

French Felt, Silk and Satin Shapes

Sensational Plume Values

This assortment of several hundred specially priced new plumes represents the biggest plume values we have ever offered, which also means the Best Values Ever Offered in Fresno.

\$4 Willow Plumes \$1.98

Black or white; 16 inches long and 16 inches wide.

\$7 18-Inch Plumes \$3.98

Plum full flues. Deep rich black.

\$10 20-Inch Plumes \$5.98

Black or white; 20 inches long.

Sale Starts This Morning at 9 o'Clock

A Great Shipment of Two Hundred More Fall Coats

More Coats Than Any Two Other Fresno Stores, and Prices One-Fourth to One-Third Less

This day has been specially set apart for women's, misses' and children's coats in our cloak and suit section, and all will do well to select their new fall and winter coats from among the extraordinary bargains we are offering today. Every fashionable new material, style and coloring is represented in this sale.

Women's and Misses' Stephens Cloth Coats \$13.50

Fashionable black and white diagonal striped Stephens cloth. Rolling revers. Finished with black satin piping; 50 inches long. Worth \$17.50.

Women's and Misses' \$15 Johnny Coats \$10.00

Very jaunty and stylish coats. Brown, navy or gray mixtures with plaid backs. Bound with braid; \$15.00 value.

\$20 Johnny Coats, \$16.75

Splendid new lot of coats, made of black and white diagonal Stephens boucle; 43 inch length. Lined throughout with flannel, kings blue or emerald satin; new chanticleer collar.

Genuine Mackinaw \$18.50

Very nobby styles; long coats for street or motor wear. Large storm, or velvet Robespierre collar. Some with belts of same material. Large cuffs and patch pockets. The kind which usually sell for \$25.

Novelty Coats of Diagonal Boucle \$22.50

Handsome new style in black and white diagonal effect. Trimmed with large velvet collar. Fancy cut back with wide belt put on at a graceful angle. Fancy deep cuffs.

Finest Bockman Boucle Coats \$27.50

Broad diagonal stripes in black and white or brown and white. Black velvet chanticleer collar and revers. Velvet faced from collar to bottom of coat. Bound all around with silk braid; actual \$35 value.

Children's New Coats

New Corduroy Coats \$8.50

Brown, black or navy; actual \$10 value.

New Mixture Coats \$4.95

Solid colors, with plaid collars and cuffs. Special value.

Coat sale starts at 9 a. m.



Smart Set Corsets \$1.98

\$3.50 Model, Spec'l Today Only

Favorite model. Long hip and medium bust. Made of fancy silk batiste. Sies 18 to 26. Six Lasticks supporters. Hook at bottom of front clasp. Special today only.

Winter Hosiery For Women and Children

Many special values today. Wholen and cashmere hose. Weights suitable for fall and winter wear comprise today's offerings. It will pay you well to supply your wants from the following assortments.

Women's black cashmere hose, with gray heel and toe 50c

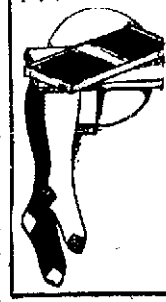
Women's Ribbed Wool; black, gray and natural hose; very good wearing 35c

Women's black wool and fleeced lined hose; double heel and toe 25c

Children's light weight hose, in black and white; regular 25c. Special 17c

Children's medium weight school hose, in black and tan double heel and toe. Special 12 1-2c

Infants' cashmere hose, with silk heel and toe, in black, white, tan, pink and blue 25c



\$1.00 and \$1.25 Fall Silks 69c

Messaline and taffetas; 50 handsome fancy designs and a wide range of colors and changeable effects.

36-Inch Charmeuse Satin de Luxe \$1.50

Guaranteed all pure silk; rich lustrous, satiny finish; comes in light gray, champagne, Copenhagen, navy, golden brown, also white, cream and black; regular \$1.75 value for \$1.50 yd.

Saturday Special

\$2.50 and \$3 Silk Waist Patterns \$1.98

The silks are fancy messaline and chiffon taffetas, in neat patterns, 24 and 27 inches wide; 3 yards in each length, and over 50 different patterns to choose from. Special today \$1.98 a waist pattern.

Basement Bargains

On Special Sale Today

Household necessities and books specially priced for Saturday's selling.

Laundry Soap, eleven bars for 25c; 40c Framed Pictures; Harrison Fisher 28c

Bleaching Soap; regular 5c; seven for 25c

Thin Blown Tumblers; regular 60c dozen, for 49c

Pound Writing Paper; regular 25c; 113 sheets 19c

Whisk Brooms; regular 20c; grade 14c

Special Offering of Women's Gloves

These are genuine lamb-skin gloves of excellent quality. Choice of black, white and tan. One clasp; pique seam. Special for today only.



95c

7-Inch Taffeta Ribbon 33c

Very fine quality in black and assorted colors. Special price for Saturday only. Actual 50c quality.

Valuable Articles Given Away Free

To collectors of Gottschalk's premium coupons. Given on all purchases. See the premium display in our basement.

Gottschalk's
Central California's Greatest Department Store

Good Candy

Is to be found at the Quality Shop, and we are very grateful for the success we have attained in our product. It is our effort to keep the purest and freshest candies on hand at all times. Consequently our candies are not only palatable but they are nourishing as well.

Quality Shop

2032 MARIPOSA ST.

PURE Apple Brandy

Of Unsurpassed Quality

The purity of this brandy and its superb, likable flavor has made it a favorite everywhere. It is just what you need for your sideboard. As a stimulant there is nothing better and the fragrance of the ripe apples of which it is made is very delicate and delightful.

Fresno, Bottle Beer at brew-ery selling prices.

Send for our free catalogue, when and how to serve wine.

Family trade desired. Mail orders promptly filled.

Kunkler Bros.

LIQUOR STORE.

Agents for Pabst Brewing Co.

1917 J. ST., FRESNO, CAL.

Phone 176.

ICE

Yes, the nights are quite cold, but the days are just warm enough to spoil food without ice—and a good cold drink is still refreshing. Phone Main 92. Orders received until 2 p. m. same day delivery, Sundays 10 a. m.

Fresno Consumers

Ice Company

CALVIN S. HILL, Mgr.

The World Knows

the best preventive and corrective of disorders of the digestive organs is the gentle, harmless, vegetable, always effective family remedy

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Small packages in every drug store.

ROURKE

The Matter

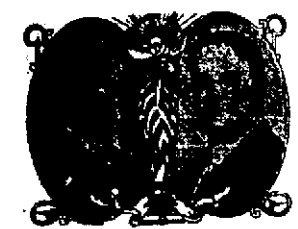
ROURKE'S MATTER is a new and all

new and all

THE FRESNO MORNING REPUBLICAN

PUBLISHED BY
Fresno Republican Publishing Co.

CHAS. E. HOWELL, Editor and Manager



MEANER THAN LYING

According to S. Fred Hogue (alias Hopewell) ostensible editor of Calhoun's Post in San Francisco and erstwhile manager of the Taft campaign in California, Daniel A. Ryan and the editor of the Republican are both liars. They had stated that the self-appointed Taft leaders had refused to carry out instructions from Chairman Hillier, of the National Taft committee, to get the Taft electors on the ballot by petition, while, according to Hopewell, their action in refusing to put the names on had the sanction of Mr. Hillier.

We do not like to call Mr. Hogue a liar. In fact, he is not. Mr. Hopewell is merely a prevaricator. A liar is one who states the contrary of the truth. This is not exactly what Mr. Hogue does. A prevaricator is one who so distorts the truth as to give it a false meaning. This is Mr. Hopewell's more congenial task. It is true, as he says, that the final action of the Taft leaders, had the final sanction, or at least submission, of Mr. Hillier. What Mr. Hogue omits to say is that this submission by Mr. Hillier was only extorted from him by the refusal of the Taft managers to follow his original instructions to the contrary.

These original instructions were given out by Hillier in a public statement, sent to all the papers at the time and published by each of them as print the news. The Taft leaders would not obey these instructions and they obtained Mr. Hillier's final submission to their policy by deceiving him into believing that they could induce the California Supreme Court to put the electors on as the nominees of a convention which did not nominate them. They, of course, knew they could do nothing of the sort and their purpose, in convincing their march to this blind alley, was to make sure that they never arrived at the ballot at all. Hillier, of course, really wanted the Taft electors on, so he insisted on going down the straight road provided by the law until his treacherous representatives in California deceived him into believing that the blind alley would also lead to the goal. Then he submitted, and the statement of Mr. Hogue-Hopewell is, as to this final submission, partly true. As to the reason for that forced submission, and the actual attitude of both Hillier and the California push the statement for which Hopewell-Hogue calls Ryan and Howell "liars" was and is the exact and undistorted truth.

The "assent" of Hillier was the same sort of assent that is usually granted by the hold-up victim when the gun is at his head. The Progressive speakers asserted that the transaction was a hold-up. Calhoun's Hogue says they are liars—that the consent of the victim was secured. As, indeed, it was. Mr. Hogue (Hopewell) tells the literal truth. Therefore he is a prevaricator. Which is something quite as bad as a liar, and much meaner.

PEPPER

A bare telegraph paragraph, the other day announced to the few people who had not forgotten him, the death of former Senator Pepper, of Kansas, the original "whiskers," the only Populist ever elected to the United States Senate, and for a long time the chief exhibit in what was then regarded as a national gallery of mero political freaks. Just when, in the fullness of time, it had become possible to understand seriously the meaning of the movement of which Pepper was the chief member, he died with few to remember him as anything but the distant echo of a name.

Pepper was the accidental senator of the Populist wave which swept over Kansas in 1890. He was not even a candidate for the office when he defeated John J. Ingalls, then easily the most scintillatingly brilliant man in American public life. We remember hearing Ingalls' speech in the United States Senate, addressed not so much to the crowded floors and galleries, as to the distant Populist legislature of Kansas—a speech which struck his hearers (for we were all stand-patter then) as the humiliating trucking of a once-bold man to a crazy gang that had somehow captured his state. The sacrifice of courage and principle, if such it was, proved useless, for the crazy legislature promptly defeated the brilliant Kansas, and elected an unknown editor of an agricultural paper, named Pepper. Naturally there was great curiosity to see the new speaker, whose rank as a freak was in no wise diminished by his appearance when he arrived. In place of the sparkling Ingalls, the wit and epigrammatist of the Senate, here came a solemn, slow-spoken man, obviously devoid of all sense of humor, with long black whiskers that looked at least three feet long. With the utmost solemnity, as if he really took them seriously, he proceeded to introduce bills for the crassest measures—land and coal, farmers' credit and so on, and a lot more, nearly as silly as the most childish of the Populist's. Memorial courtesy committees were organized to treat him with respect, which soon became

real, as the genuine qualities of the man began to appear through his unpromising aspect. With the advent of prosperity the "wave" in due time subsided, and Pepper lasted only one term. He left, however, with the genuine regard of those who six years before had regarded him coming as a tragic joke.

The writer remembers hearing perhaps the most startling speech Pepper ever made—a speech before an audience of scarcely more than a dozen, in a private house, and these few all under the seal of confidence. The incident has probably never before been published. It was at a little Socialist club in Washington, which met privately, almost secretly, at the houses of its members. Socialism, in those days, was a thing to be referred to under the breath. A respectable man had no more business in a Socialist gathering than a respectable matron had in a free-love conference. And yet this little Socialist club already contained some of the keenest minds in the United States. Senator Pepper made an address, not very wise nor very profound, but memorable for this sentence: "The difference between you Socialists and us Populists is largely one of emphasis. Both seek ultimately much the same things, and are satisfied temporarily to accept much the same palliative reforms. The difference is that you lay the emphasis on what you want ultimately and minimize what you can get now, while we emphasize what we can get now and subordinate what we hope for ultimately." If that utterance could have been printed, it would have been scare-head news in every conservative newspaper in the United States. For even to toy with Socialism was more anathema then than openly to espouse anarchy is now.

Pepper had the misfortune to believe some things prematurely and many things immaturely and crudely. It was too early for the fundamental political reforms, and the economic proposals were so crudely worked out as not to be taken seriously at the time. The initiative and referendum, for instance, were new-fangled Swiss devices, which the Swiss themselves had used only once, and then to put into the Federal constitution an amendment forbidding the Jews from butchering kosher meat. The only use the advocates of the system in America proposed to make of it was to force through, by the vote of the ignorant, a lot of measures which no educated assemblage (that is, assemblage of lawyers) would consider. The farmers' warehouse system was a crude combination of fiat money with an adumbration of the system of agricultural credits which has since spread around the world and is now in operation in every advanced agricultural nation except the United States. As proposed it was unworkable, and the man who proposed it would have been unable to make it workable. In fact, the personnel, organization and spirit of the Populist movement were such as to justify conservative distrust in their ability to carry out even a good program. It was an army of all privates, some of whom had been elevated by accident into places which needed to be filled by trained officers. But it looks different in the retrospect now, than it did when it was new and raw. And history will accord to Senator Pepper a recognition based on quite other distinctions than the one his contemporaries regarded as most striking—the possession of the longest whiskers that ever came out of Kansas.

HOME RULE IN TAXES

One of the amendments to be submitted to the voters this fall provides for complete home rule in taxation. The proposal is absolutely sweeping. Not only each city or county, but any district or township in the state, may establish its own tax system. And its control extends not merely to rates and assessments, under a general property tax, but to the establishment outright of a wholly new system. Any district or township may raise any taxes on all kinds of property, and substitute a license on specified industries. If the Selma Union High school district wants to build a new school by a license tax on bachelors, it may do so. The next district may exempt all property or business from taxation except wineries, and raise its entire revenues by a tax on them as high as it chooses to levy. And of course any district may raise its revenues by the single tax on land. The amendment, in fact, is proposed by the single taxers, and while it would not impose the single tax on any county or district unless the majority of the people in that locality wanted it, the single taxers are probably right in supposing that it would protect such confusion into our tax administration that no way out of it but the single tax could be found.

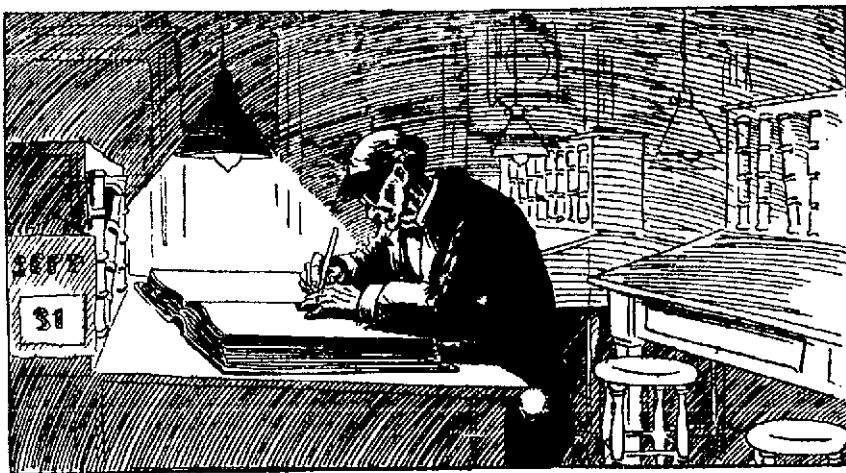
Even on this statement of the sweeping character of the amendment, there are still arguments in its favor. There are arguments in favor of the single tax. There are arguments in favor of home rule on general principles, especially in cities. And there are conclusive arguments against the permanence of the present system of general property tax. Paradoxical as it may seem, the most unequal tax in existence is an equal tax on all property, under an equal assessment. Professor Seligman says: "The general property tax as actually administered is beyond doubt one of the worst taxes known in the civilized world. It is so flagrantly inequitable that its retention can be explained only through ignorance or inertia." And in fact the United States is the only civilized country which has retained it as the general source of revenues.

We do not believe, however, that these arguments are conclusive even for the ultimate adoption of the amendment. And certainly they are nothing to the point as to its present adoption. For, if we are ever to have home rule, in this or any form, as to local taxation, it can not be until after we have accomplished complete separ-

A POPULAR COLLEGE SONG.

By John T. McCutcheon.

(Copyright 1912, By John T. McCutcheon)



O father, he pays all the bills

And we have all the fun,
And that's the way we do in college life.
Murray!

PEWTER BULLETS

By Edna Ferber.

Seldom has such a young writer made such an immediate hit as Edna Ferber. Two years ago she was an obscure girl reporter. Now she is a "cover feature" in the magazines. Every author hears a tug in this age. "The Mantle of O. Henry" is the tag for Miss Ferber. The woman drummer for Heather-ton artists, she proved that she could do a sustained piece of work by one success of her novel "Dawn O'Hara." Then, to show she had not forgotten her newspaper work, she entertained the whole country by her accounts of the National Conventions, written for a syndicate of newspapers.

They're melting down their pewter to make bullets. When the women of a country begin to do that—look out! It's an awe-inspiring process to watch—this melting of the pewter. You may see it done by dropping into the bare little shop on the street floor of an office building just a block or so off State street. You know the place by the flag that hangs outside. The flag gives it the look of a recruiting office. That's what it is outside. It might read something like this:

"Men and women wanted between the ages of one and one hundred, to join the United States Army of Progressives. Hard work. No pay. Inquire within." The recruiting officers within are found to be one Bona Fide Countess, looking wonderfully boyish and fitful and unaccountable in a severe black suit and untrimmed hat; one Brand New Bride, with a fluffy feather thing about her throat; one Businesslike Young Woman, in Brown. They are Young Women, in questions, dispense there to answer Progressive literature, sell Progressive certificates and stamps, and adorn all corners with a Moose pin or button. Day after day, week after week, they have pledged their time and energy until the elections in November. And there are plenty of Bona Fide Countesses, and Brand New Brides, and Businesslike Young Women in Brown to do, than to sit all day long in a dark, stuffy, bare little downtown store room, melting down pewter for bullets.

The nearest accident sent me there. A conversation overheard—no, shamelessly and openly listened to—in a fashionable tea room. When you want to know what's going to be worn next week, you go to that tea room. They're wearing it there this week. At the next table sat a frivolous looking little blonde woman in blue serge and one of those sneaky looking little hats they're wearing. With her was a plump, matronly, eye-glassed woman. They were drinking countless cups of tea, eating squares of delicious what-do-you-think-by-all-the-laws-of-civility-superstition, and femininity they should have been discussing the superiority of the platted skirt over the party. But no. They were talking politics. Aggressive Progressive politics. They were talking of a wonder-

ation of state and local taxation. This is by no means yet the fact. There will be a considerable fraction, possibly a majority, of the next legislature, in favor of repealing the present tax-separation system entirely. Probably they will not accomplish that, but they will demonstrate that the present system is very incomplete. We are still levying a state-wide ad valorem tax for the Panama-Pacific exposition, and must continue to do for three years. A failure of the estimates or an unfavorable court decision on some incidental point, may drive us any year to a general ad valorem tax to meet a deficit in state expenses. Unless the corporation rate is increased, the actual growth of the state will soon drive us to it. Expenses are increasing 10 per cent a year, and revenues from the corporation taxes only 5 per cent.

Let us at least wait until the state tax system is in working order before trying any rash experiments with local taxes.

ful system they had helped perfect that day—a system whereby women were to be given a chance to help in the cause of Progressivism.

"I leaned over." "Where is his place?" The little blonde in the skittish hat showed no surprise or displeasure at being addressed by an unknown. That is a new bond of sisterhood that a common interest is weaving for all women. She told me.

"And you'll know it by the flag that hangs outside." It was a wonderful thing to watch the men and women who came into that recruiting office. There came first a cocky little messenger boy. In his hand was a message marked "Rush!"

"So, gimme one of them buttons, will you?" He pinned it on his coat, stopped outside the door to survey the Roosevelt-Johnson pictures in the window, remembered his rush message and trotted off.

A man hobbled in. He walked with unsteady, uncertain gait of one whose spine is wrong. There was about him the look of the man-out-of-a-job.

"I'm a cornice worker," he explained, apologetically for his very existence. "I got hurt a year ago. My back. I'll get it fixed as soon as my feet get to acting right. I'll buy one of them certificates as soon as I get the job, but here's a nickel. It's all I got."

He shoved his nickel over the counter to the Bona Fide Countess. She took it, wide eyed. He shuffled out. There entered a blonde young man, clean-cut, virile, red-checked. "Dollar certificate," he said, briskly. "Moose pin? Thanks. How does that look on a gray suit?"

Two women followed. Well dressed, they were, intelligent looking, of the type that might be of the office or the home. If we heard to tell. The next man lined up at the pine table rather sheepishly. He took a letter from his pocket. "I'm a Wilson man. But I got a letter today from a girl I know. She's working for an American Express company in Paris. She got a letter for my certificate, and wants me to send it to her."

They came in ones and twos. Dapper young office clerks, gray-haired men. An ice-man clumped in, tongs in hand, to leave a quarter and get a pin. Just after him came a man with a slip of paper in his jacket. He wanted five dollar certificates.

"Five separate one-dollar certificates." "Yes, that was it. One for himself, one for Ma, one for Katherine, one for Elizabeth, one for Snooks—that is, for Willie, the baby."

When the Bona Fide Countess, and the Brand New Bride, and the Businesslike girl in Brown came down each morning they find the place scrubbed clean. One morning this week they found the scrub lady waiting at the door, ready for the street, her absurd bonnet on her head, her jacket, that was never intended for her, buttoned up.

"Good morning," said the Brand New Bride. "Good morning," replied the scrub lady. She moved over to the pine table and pointed one finger at the box of moose pins which lay open there.

"I wanted it you come down," she said. "To ask you could I maybe have one of them pins?"

"Waited to ask me?" gasped the Brand New Bride, staring in the unbuttoning of her feather jacket. "Why didn't you take one?"

The scrub lady's water-shrive of fingers were fastening the pin to her coat.

"Oh I wouldn't do that," she said. "To rather wait till you come."

The Brand New Bride thought a moment. "Are you for the new party?" she asked.

"Well sure," said the scrub lady.

"I'm fur it, I read about it. It's fur me. That's why I'm fur it." They're melting down their pewter to make bullets. When the women of a country begin to do that—look out!

KODAKS
—And photo supplies at Duker & Colson's. Phone Main 87.

Fruit Pickers Tally Tack at Republic Job Printing Office.

New
and
Original
Designs
in
Jewelry

The Warner Co.
1929-31 Mariposa St.

Men Who Want Style...
Service and Comfort

—at a medium price—will
do well to inspect our new
winter models.



A great variety of styles
to choose from.

PHILADELPHIA
Store, Inc.

Fier Wird
Deutsch
Gesprochen
2337 Mariposa

Union
made
Shoes

HEAD'S BUSINESS
College
write for catalog

IN THE
NEW CITY OF

Graham
THE FIRST
WHITE CHILD
BORN

Will be given a baby buggy free of charge, for W.
Parker Lyon hates to see a

BOWLEGGED

Baby, and babies who walk too young get that way.
The W. Parker Lyon Furniture Co. guarantees this
unique proposition.

WE FURNISH HOMES!
W. PARKER LYON FURNITURE CO.
1134-1140 I ST.

Loose Leaf Books
In All Sizes, Styles and Prices

KNOWING THE CONVENIENCE AND TIME-
SAVING AFFORDED MODERN LOOSE LEAF BOOKS,
I ALWAYS HAVE ON HAND A FULL LINE OF THEM.

Price Books In All Sizes
and Many Kinds of Ruling

Memorandum Books
With Index and Extra Leaves

Vest Pocket Memos

BOTH SIDE AND END OPEN, WITH OR
WITHOUT INDEX.

A NICE DISPLAY OF THEM NOW
IN MY SHOW WINDOW.

C. J. Cearley

1111-1117 J St.

Saturday Specials

Round Steak, per lb.	14c
Rump Roast, per lb.	12 1-2c
Boiling Meat, 3 lbs. for	25c
Lamb Tongues, per dozen	35c
Summer Squash, per lb.	3c
Egg Plant, per lb.	3c
Sweet Spuds, 8 lbs. for	25c
California Apples, 6 lbs. for	25c

New England Market

1027 Eye Street Phone 3333

\$\$\$\$\$ DAY

Monday, October 21st.

WOOD
AND
COAL

Crushed Rock

In carloads and less than carloads.

FRESNO FUEL CO.
102 O Street—Telephone Main 293
Wholesale and Retail

YOSEMITE
BY AUTO

SAVES TIME, DIST AND MONEY
DAILY SERVICE

YOSEMITE

EL PORTAL BIG TREES
BAGBY MANHATTAN
MERCED MADERA

Martinez Route
Madera Yosemite Auto Stage Line
Madera, Cal.

Sui King Lam
Chinese Cafe
1008 CHINA ALLEY.

Noodles, chop suey, all
Chinese dishes to order. Up
to date place. Will open
Saturday, October 21st.

J. L. BEALL C. W. BEALL

BEALL BROS.
UNDERTAKERS

Phone Main 180, 8038 Fresno St.

Telephone Main 38
STEPHENS & BEAN,
Undertakers.

Cor. 1 & Tuolumne Sts., Fresno, Cal.
Corner's Office,
ALWAYS OPEN



THE FRESNO MORNING REPUBLICAN

Republican Telephone
Business Office, 97.
Editorial Rooms, 1.
Job Printing Department, 200.
Press Rooms, 913.

LOCAL BREVITIES

Lat Hollands' cater to your wants in the vegetable, fruit and pastry lines today. Use Danish Creamery butter. Jersey Farm Dairy Co. Main 216. Fine tailoring Henry Vies, 1149 J. Dr. Clay, dentist, Republican Bldg. Dr. Phillips, dentist, Land Co. Bldg. C. K. Kirby, architect, Forsyth Bldg. Dr. Williams, chiropractor, 308 Elderly Bldg. Dressed poultry, J. B. Bradley's. Phone 367.

Cockrill & Duff, dentists, Patterson Block.

Fruit tickets at Republican Job Printing Office.

Hammond wants fig laborers and wrappers. Phone 717.

Tally tags for fruit pickers at Republican Job Printing Office.

Imported Holland bulbs, just arrived; full line, Hobbs-Parsons Co. seed department.

Guaranteed 22-K gold crowns \$5. Dr. W. W. Craycroft, dentist, Land Co. Bldg. Tel. 1448.

Dr. J. L. Martin, physician and surgeon, Office corner J and Fresno. Phone 531.

Subway cigar stand and pool hall will be open for business tonight, 1533 Fresno St.

The supervisors took adjournment yesterday until Monday afternoon over the state legal holiday today in Discovery Day.

City Justice Graham yesterday fined J. Ruzvick \$10 for allowing minors to play in his pool hall. The arrest was made by Patrolman Costner.

We need one copy of the Weekly Republican of September 12, 1912, and will pay 25c for a perfect copy of that date. Call at the Republican Office.

Gus Herdick was arrested yesterday in Chinatown and charged with carrying concealed weapons. He was later released from jail by Justice of the Peace Smith.

George A. Chapman, aged 28, and Maude Hony, aged 17, both of Fresno, were given yesterday license to marry, the mother consenting to the daughter's marriage.

Report was made yesterday to the supervisors of 103 inmates at the county hospital and 60 at the almshouse. Administration expenses for September were \$137.75 and for disbursements \$147.45, with \$133.15 received from pay patients.

W. J. Hutchison and Fred Adams were appointed yesterday by the supervisors as viewers on the H. A. Monson and James T. Nobles road petitions, with instructions to render report on November 6th of the laid out roads.

The report of the viewers on the Arthur Andrews road was accepted yesterday by the supervisors, except as to the \$180 damage awarded to W. K. Walker and Z. E. Ivon. As to them the report is to be amended to allow them at the rate of \$100 an acre for the road decided land.

Narator district school reports such a crowded primary class with 67 pupils that the trustees are moving to furnish enlarged accommodations. Oleander school is so crowded that the trustees are thinking about providing a portable school house and have made provision for a fifth teacher.

Detective Farnum yesterday arrested Juan Martinez on suspicion that he is one of the stick-up men recently operating here. Martinez had a revolver stuck in his shoe. The man had caused a disturbance in a saloon and the officer was called. Martinez was found in a neighboring lumber yard.

Probation Officer Sessions reported that the community school attendance has been better than in the past. He is having a survey made of the county as never before. In response to warning circulars sent out at the time of the school term opening, he says that the district responses are uniformly that there are no children not attending school.

The public offices at the court house and the city hall will be closed today, Columbus day, a state holiday. At the court house the only open office will be the county clerk's to expedite the work of making up the voting register and precinct list for the November election. The banks will also observe today as a holiday.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. H. H.*

TRADE MARK REG. U. S. AND CANADA

Pla-Mate

Shoes

It's well to remember this name when buying shoes for the little ones.

THEY'RE BETTER

—And far more comfortable than the ordinary kind— for they are correctly made of the best materials.

Neil-White & Co.

1941 MARIPOSA ST.

1107 "J" STREET.

Neil-White & Co.

1941 MARIPOSA ST.

1107 "J" STREET.

Neil-White & Co.

1941 MARIPOSA ST.

1107 "J" STREET.

10,000 COLONISTS YOUNG PEOPLE FORM LEAVE IN ONE DAY FOR THE COAST

NEW C. E. SOCIETY

Climax to Low Rate Season to Come in New Record for Railroads

Estimate That 35,000 Are Coming Westward; Many for California

According to advices from Los Angeles received here yesterday by railroad officials, 10,000 colonists in 240 special cars left Chicago Thursday for the Pacific coast. Most of these homeseekers are en route to California points and Fresno county will get its share about October 20. It is stated by railroad men that all former records in transcontinental travel will be broken by this climax of the season of 1912.

Thursday was the last day of the low-rate one-way fares from the East and Middle West to the Pacific coast and it is estimated that the grand total of colonists for the season will be 35,000. This is 5,000 in excess of the pre-season estimates and the new figures will reach the high tide of homeseekers' travel in the history of California.

All western railroads are making extra preparations to handle the augmented travel at the end of the season and passenger traffic officials will be kept busy between now and the end of the month. Extra trains will be operated on the Santa Fe, Southern Pacific, Salt Lake and Western Pacific, also on the eastern connecting lines. It is stated that engines will be waiting at division points to speed the colonists on their way and prevent delays and congestion. By the 15th of the month, the last train loads on homeseekers will have set out on the soil of either Washington, Oregon or California. Advices from Chicago are that most of the homeseekers have bought tickets for the season and it is believed the golden state will get the bulk of the influx from the East and Middle West.

PAUL SHOUP HERE FOR A FEW HOURS

Paul Shoup, president of the Harriman electric lines in California, passed through Fresno last night en route to San Francisco. Shoup was accompanied by F. W. Webster, general manager of the Fresno Traction Company and the Stockton street railway.

Webster and Shoup have been in Los Angeles for a few days while the president was inspecting the city lines of the Pacific Electric Company. Webster will remain here a few days before going to Stockton, while Shoup returned to San Francisco at 12:30 this morning.

LOCAL BREVITIES

The Coast Range lumber company of Rainier City filed articles of incorporation yesterday with capitalization of \$20,000 in 200 shares and \$200 subscribed by J. E. and E. M. Colby and L. J. Hickey.

T. G. Hart and D. M. De Long, the latter of Coalinga, were named yesterday by the supervisors to represent this county at the annual American Mining Congress at Spokane, Wash., on November 25-28. It is understood that if they accept the delegateship they will make the journey at their own expense.

The petition for the appointment of a justice and constable in that territory, now a portion of the Rosedale judicial township, was placed on file yesterday by the supervisors. This means practically a denial of it. Supervisor Martin said he could conceive of no reason for these additional officers, especially in view of the possible change in the entire township judicial system in the state.

IN THE LODGE ROOM

WOMEN OF WOODCRAFT
Fresno Circle 712, W. O. W., met in Knights of Columbus hall last evening. The Harmony club reported a very pleasant afternoon at the home of Mrs. Greenwood last Wednesday.

A meeting will be held at the home of Neighbors Mrs. Sunderland and Mrs. Baird, were reported on the sick list. At the close of the lodge meeting refreshments were served and the young people enjoyed themselves by dancing until a late hour.

DEATHS

MCLING—In Fresno City, October 10, 1912, Mabel Myrtle, daughter of H. M. and Mable McMillan, a native of California, aged 5 years, 11 months, 5 days.

The funeral will take place this (Saturday) morning, at 10 o'clock from the funeral parlors of Stephens & Bean, Interment Mountain View cemetery, Fresno City.

FISCHER—In Washington, Colono, Fresno county, October 11, 1912, Mrs. Johanna Fischer, a resident of this county 20 years, wife of the late John Fischer, mother of Mrs. Neighbors, died at the home of Neighbors Mrs. Sunderland and Mrs. Baird, were reported on the sick list.

Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend the funeral Sunday afternoon, October 13, at 2 o'clock from the funeral parlors of Stephens & Bean, Interment Mountain View cemetery, Fresno City.

HALLMAN—New Calwa, Fresno county, October 11, 1912, Bagdasarian Hallman, a resident of Fresno county 5 years, a native of Armenia, aged 65 years. The deceased leaves 2 sons.

Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend the funeral Sunday afternoon, October 13, at 2 o'clock from Trinity Armenian church on F St., Interment Mountain View cemetery, Fresno City.

Intermediates Gather at the Home of W. P. Willmott to Elect Officers

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Willmott last night an Intermediate Christian Endeavor Society of the First Christian church was formed by a crowd of young people who had been invited to the home to enjoy the festivities of a party. Various social games were played early in the evening, after which light refreshments were served. Then came the preliminary plans for the organization of the Intermediate C. E. society. Officers were elected as follows:

President, Arthur Weiger.
Vice-President, Angie Sawyers.
Secretary, Alameda Blosser.
Treasurer, Inez Glouge.
Superintendent, Mrs. W. P. Willmott.

Before the election, S. H. Lonsdale, president of the county union Sunday School League, addressed the young people on bible work and the successful formation of an intermediate society in this city. All those present signed up for the new organization. As preliminary plans were made last night, permanent organization will be effected tomorrow afternoon at the Christian church, corner N and Mariposa streets. The young people will meet at 3 o'clock.

KINGS COUNTY GREET NEEDHAM CORDIALLY

Congressman Shows Democrats Stand With Cotton Seed Trust

Congressman Needham continues to have big crowds, and last night closed a day of effective campaigning with a meeting at Lemoore. He spent the afternoon at the Hanford fair and spoke at Guernsey and Armona during the day.

That the Kings county people are alert to the necessity of keeping Needham in Congress is manifested by the enthusiasm with which he is received, and this was again demonstrated last night at Lemoore by a packed hall. In his speech Mr. Needham attacked the Democratic members of Congress who are working hand in hand with the cotton seed trust of the South and the beef trust, who would destroy or at least seriously cripple the dairy industry of the country, which industry is fast becoming one of the principle industries of the great San Joaquin valley.

He read to the audience some of the Democratic bills that are pending in the Congress of the United States and which are to be taken up and disposed of at the next session of Congress. These bills, which must be removed the 10-cent tax on oleomargarine colored to imitate butter, should they be enacted into law, would so cripple the dairy industry as to ruin many of the dairymen. He said that he stands unalterably opposed to any legislation of this kind and would fight it to the end.

Another vitally interesting question touched upon by Mr. Needham was the question of irrigation and the part the national government is taking to the end that there may be a cooperation between the nation, the state and local communities to solve the great irrigation problem of the Western states.

As to the San Joaquin valley, Mr. Needham explained somewhat in detail the necessity for a complete survey of the San Joaquin river and its tributaries with a view of ascertaining the best way to protect the water supply and to utilize such waters to the best advantage.

"This survey," said Mr. Needham, "will determine what can be done with the waters of Tulare Lake, the drainage of which will reclaim many acres of excellent land, and the waters of which will benefit other parts of the West. Side country to make prosperous that part of the valley, which is only held back by the lack of water. The survey will also settle the question of storage, drainage, irrigation and navigation and there is no doubt in my mind that within a very short time after the survey is once made, active steps will be taken to conserve our water supply and utilize such water in a way that will make possible the development of our waste places. The advertising which California will get from the 125 expeditions will bring a great many new settlers to our state, and it behooves us to be ready for the influx by looking after our waste lands—lands that are as productive as any in our state and only lack water to make them capable of profitable cultivation. We are now on the right track, and I expect to predict that work will be commenced on the survey before many months."

RAISIN EXCHANGE IS TALKED AT OLEANDER

W. R. Nutting and H. D. Carver Explain Working Details to Growers

At Oleander hall last night, W. R. Nutting and H. D. Carver addressed a gathering of raisin growers on the possibilities afforded by the California Raisin Exchange and the Million Dollar Corporation. Mr. Nutting went into details and explained the general principles of the exchange. Mr. Carver laid particular stress upon the point that the Million Dollar Corporation will be dominated by the growers and is, in fact, for growers only. Carver also explained that the plan is sure to be a success as it has passed the muster of the state.

BORN

ZANINOVICH—In Firebaugh, October 9, 1912, to the wife of J. Zaninovich, a son.

JENSEN—In Fresno, October 11, 1912, to the wife of J. C. Jensen, a son.

MARRIED

CHRISTIAN—In Fresno, October 9, 1912, Frank M. Krusk, of Baginaw, Mich., and Isabella C. Draper of Montclair, N. J.

See Our Ad of Men's Suits and Furnishings on Page 15

Bargains in Cotton Goods

Sheets, pillowcases, muslin, gingham and outing flannel are offered today at low prices that are remarkable from every point of view.

Pillowcases 10c
Very good quality; size 48x36; well made; 3 inch hem at top; special at 10c

70c Sheets 57c
Bleached sheets, without seam down center; 3 inch hem at top; size 72x90; suitable for hotel and private use; 70c sheets today—not more than 5 to a customer—at 57c

Muslin 10c
Green ticked and Lonsdale bleached muslin; 36 inches wide; absolutely free from dressing; for pillowcases, sheets, underwear, etc.; yard Monday 10c

Apron Gingham 6c
Apron gingham, in small and large size checks; 27 inches wide; fast colors; very fine quality; yard today 6c

Gingham 8 1-3c
Fancy dress gingham, of a well known make; in checks, plaids and plain colors; 27 inches wide; fast colors; 10c and 12 1-2c qualities; special for today at 8 1-3c

Outing 8 1-3c
Outing flannel in light colors; suitable for underwear, night gowns and comfort covers; 27 inches wide; fast colors; specially priced at 8 1-3c

Bny Warm Bedding Here Today

COMFORTS AT \$1.25
COMFORTS, covered with silkoline, stitched and splendidly finished; filled with pure cotton; 3-4 bed size; special at \$1.25

COMFORTS AT \$2.00
COMFORTS, covered with silkoline, stitched and tufted; reversible plain and fancy effects; pure white cotton filling; size 72x78, for double bed; extra special value at \$2

FINE COMFORTS AT \$3.50
SANITARY COMFORTS, filled with wool; covered with silkoline; stitched; extra large size; 72x84; fine comforts and low priced at \$3.50

WHITE WOOL BLANKETS, \$5.95
Fine white wool blankets from leading Oregon and Eastern mills, size 88x30. Remarkably fine values at \$5.95

Wool-Fibre Rugs, Today . . \$8.50

The only way for you to know how good these rugs are is to come and see them. They are in hand-made, small figured patterns, in brown, tan, blue, etc.; size 60x116 feet. These same rugs are sold in all stores at \$12.50. We sell rugs on the same close margin of profit that we do all other goods, which makes the price \$8.50
—Third Floor.

Sale of Girls' Apparel

Bring the girls here today and see how little it will cost to fit them out in charming school apparel. We are going to feature some of the very best values in dresses and suits that we ever offered.

Dresses at \$1.25

Girls' school dresses; made of splendid wearing materials, in plain colors, checks and stripes; trimmed in contrasting colors; finished with pearl buttons; high or low neck styles; sizes 6 to 14 years. Extra values at \$1.25

Dresses at \$1.75

Girls' school dresses of fine quality galatea; trimmed with plain and two tone stripes; full pleated skirts; colors navy, cadet and tan; sizes 6 to 14 years. Splendid values at \$1.75

Dresses at \$2.25

Girls' school dresses of Hyde's galatea; ten exclusive styles; every one neatly and prettily made and attractively trimmed. Worth much more than our special price of \$2.25

Girls' Norfolk Suits \$4.75

Girls' Norfolk two-piece suits of black and white half wool check; square sailor collar and cuffs of all wool flannel, trimmed with 4 rows of soutache braid; patent leather belt. All sizes at \$4.75

Girls' Apparel Section, The Second Floor

Felt Tailored Street Hats \$2.19

Here is another millinery offering that will arouse keen interest. Tailored street hats made of a splendid quality French felt, worth \$4.00 apiece, will be sold today at nearly half value—\$2.19. These hats are neatly trimmed with ribbons and come in navy, brown, black, white, gray and other fashionable shades. Stylish large shapes. Full hats, \$4.00 values, today at \$2.19

We Are Still Selling \$2.50 and \$3 Ready-to-Wear Hats at \$1.39

These hats are in good quality felt and are smartly trimmed. Colors are white, champagne, brown, pearl gray, navy, Oxford and black. \$2.50 and \$3 ready-to-wear hats at \$1.39

Great Shoe Sale Today

Women's \$3 Shoes \$2.65

Women's fall shoes, made of patent kid and coat leathers with mat kid and velvet tops; short vamp button models with high toes and Cuban heels; all sizes and widths. Regular \$3 shoes specially priced for today at, per pair \$2.65

Women's stylish tan button shoes, with 7-inch tops; short ramps, high toes and military heels; all sizes. \$4 shoes today at, per pair \$3.75

Women's \$2.50 Shoes \$1.79

Made with viel kid uppers with patent leather tips; smart button and blucher lace styles; extension soles and Cuban heels; all sizes. Regular value \$2.50 a pair. Special today at \$1.79

Boys' \$2.50 Shoes \$1.79

Boys' box calf shoes, in nobby blucher lace style; all solid leather; good shoes for hard wear; sizes 2 1-3 to 6. Reduced for today from \$2.50 a pair to \$1.79



RADIN & KAMP
WHERE THRIFTY PEOPLE TRADE

Boys' All-Wool Fall Suits With 2 Pairs of Knicker Trousers

We are breaking all selling records in our Boys' Clothing Department, and this value is one of the reasons. We are selling all wool suits for boys, each suit with two pairs of knicker trousers, suits such as you are asked to pay \$5.00 and \$6.00 for elsewhere, at \$5.00. Is it any wonder parents come here for boys' clothing? These suits are in all the newest colorings; coats are long double breasted models, and the trousers are full peg knickers. Sizes 8 to 17. Special at \$5.00

Boys' Suits \$3.50

Boys' sporty and stylish knicker suits with 2 pairs of full cut trousers; in brown and gray patterns; double breasted coats in sizes 6 to 17; Norfolk Junior suits in sizes 6 to 9. Choice at the special price of \$3.50

Young Men's Fall Suits at \$15

Hand tailored fall suits for boys and young men. The coat fronts are guaranteed to hold up. In brown, blue and gray chevrons in plain and fancy patterns, also blue serge, with 2 pair of pants. Trousers either full or medium with plain or cuff bottoms. Extra values at today's price of \$15

Basement Specials

8 Bars Valley Queen Soap, special at
8 Bars Silk Soap
8 Bars Borax Soap, special at
8 Bars Dutch Cleanser, special at
3 Packages Borax Chips, special at
4 Reels Asbestos Toilet Paper
For \$20

Children's 25c School Hose, 19c

Children's heavy Geco lined school hose; fine gauge, fast black and seamless; all sizes; 25c quality, special at, per pair 19c

WOMEN'S SILK HOSE, 25c

Women's pure silk boot hose with lace tops, toes and heels; fast black and seamless; all sizes. Worth 40c a pair; special at 25c

50c UNDERWEAR, 39c

Women's fine combed mako cotton vest and pants fleeced lined well made and fashioned; 50c grade, special at 39c

—MAIN FLOOR.

\$1 & \$1.25 Silks, 69c

Over 50 pieces of new fall silks just arrived from the maker. In all the latest weaves and colorings, just the silks you want for fancy waists and dresses; 34 and 27 inches wide; worth \$1.00 and \$1.25 a yard; special at 69c

Crepe de Chene \$1.39

In beautiful evening and street shades; 40 inches wide; regular new shades; 81 inches wide; special 1.75 quality; yard today \$1.39

Chinchilla \$2.59

Chinchilla coating in the popular shades; 81 inches wide; specially priced at, a yard \$2.59

Fall Suits at \$19.75

New Models, Worth \$25

An assemblage of handsome tailored suits which portrays all that is new in the world of fashion for fall and winter. It is one of the very finest collections of high class suits it has even been our privilege to offer in a special sale. There is not a new model missing from the assortment, and every suit is an exclusive and beautiful creation. Fashioned from fine all wool mannish serges and novelty mixtures; hand tailored and finished in every detail. New 32-inch coats in belted effects with shirring at waist line; hand tailored lapels and collars; lined with guaranteed satin. Skirts new gored models, perfect in hang and finish. Beautiful, high class exclusive new autumn suits equal to the \$25 models shown elsewhere, here at the popular price of \$19.75

—SECOND FLOOR.

1,239 Pieces 25c Glassware

A tremendous Saturday special from our Bargain Basement. 1,239 pieces of crystal glassware, every piece worth regularly 25c, marked for a sensational bargain today at 10c each. Included are

8-inch Crystal Bowls in fancy patterns, 25c values 10c
8-inch Crystal Nappies in fancy patterns, 25c values 10c
7-inch Colored Nappies in fancy patterns, 25c values 10c
8-inch Colored Bowls in fancy patterns, 25c values 10c
25c Sugars and Creamers, special at 10c
25c Crystal Butter Dishes and cover, at 10c
25c Crystal Sugar Bowls and cover, at 10c
25c Crystal 12-inch Vases, special at 10c
25c Crystal Cake Plates, 10-inch size 10c
25c Crystal Rose Bowls, special at 10c

SOCIETY

Friday seems to be the most popular day of the week for club meetings of various sorts, to say nothing of the church societies that prefer this day at the latter part of the week for their activities.

Mrs. B. F. Shepherd was the hostess at the meeting of the Friday Afternoon Club yesterday afternoon, at her home on I street, the club enjoying its first session over the card tables since the summer vacation. In the bridge games which occupied the afternoon hours, Mrs. De Witt H. Gray was fortunate in holding the high score and received the souvenir. As there were several members of the club absent, Mrs. L. A. Nares and Mrs. W. A. Sutherland had the pleasure of acting as substitutes.

Mrs. Thomas W. Patterson will entertain the club at its meeting next Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Ward B. Minturn entertained the members of the Friday Sewing Club yesterday afternoon at her home on Mariposa street, this being the first assembly since the meetings last spring. Rich colored dahlias filled the vase in the living room where the guests chatted over their needlework. Mrs. Robert Kennedy and Miss Helen Kennedy of Berkeley were guests for the afternoon. Besides the following club members: Mesdames W. Ward Minturn, J. A. Blasingame, R. H. Hollingsworth, C. E. Hamilton, F. D. Prescott,

M. M. Prescott, H. E. Barbour, O. B. Doyle, Butler Minor, B. B. Lankin, W. L. Adams, Frank Wyatt, Ralph Allen, Roy Woodward, John Manning, E. W. Hobart, Misses Adeline Thurston and Ruby Olney.

Mrs. Freda Olufs is planning a pleasant trip for this fall, having accepted invitations for a sojourn in Stockholm and later going to Berkeley in time to attend the intercollegiate football game.

The Bridgetta Club enjoyed the hospitality of Miss Eleanor Webster at its initial meeting of the fall season yesterday afternoon, at her home at Fresno and P streets. The several rooms where the card tables were arranged for playing bridge were simply adorned with vases filled with canna lilies and geraniums. An extra table was arranged for some additional guests, Misses Freda Olufs, Dorothy Burdick, Dorothy and Pearl Brooks, and at the conclusion of the several rounds of bridge tempting dainties were served.

The club will meet next week with Miss Marjorie Edwards.

The Friday Club held its study session yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. William Borchers on Blackstone avenue. An excellent talk on Shakespeare's "Henry IV" was given by Mrs. W. P. Miller, which absorbed

the afternoon hours and held the members in close attention.

At the meeting next week the current history during the period of Henry the Fourth's reign will be studied at the home of Mrs. William Borchers on Washington avenue.

The young people of the Emerson Guild of the First Lutheran church resumed their regular meetings last night in the church parlors, the evening being devoted to the business session, followed by the delightful social hour which is so pleasing a feature of these meetings.

Rev. Thomas Clayton added to the pleasure of those in attendance with a selected reading, and Miss Margaret Hofer contributed musical numbers. A baritone solo by Mr. W. L. Richardson completed the informal program.

Mrs. A. P. Alexander will come up from Riverside today to visit Mr. and Mrs. Noyes Alexander. She will be accompanied by Master Noyes Alexander, Jr., who has been spending the late summer with his grandmother.

Mrs. Robert Kennedy and her daughter, Miss Helen Kennedy of Berkeley, are enjoying a visit in Fresno, dividing their time between Mrs. F. D. Prescott and Mrs. Ward B. Minturn.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bates entertained very delightfully last evening at their home on Jensen avenue, in compliment to their house guest, Mrs. A. J. Grier of San Francisco. The affair was a sort of musical, with informal dancing following an impromptu program, in which Mrs. Grier and other musical guests participated. The rooms were prettily decorated with Virginia creeper and late roses that perfumed the air with their sweetness. The punch bowl, conveniently placed in the dining room, proved most attractive between dances, and late in the evening tempting refreshments were served.

Among the guests were Mesdames, N. Barstow, Willard Bates, David Adams; Misses Gladys and Edna Baldwin, Mary Lyons, Gladys McNab, Lucile Brant; Mrs. Allan McNab; Jake Phillips, James Carling, Herbert Levy, Milton Posson, Francis Burks, Lawrence Peterson, Perry Peterson.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fleming will leave this morning for Los Angeles for an outing of several weeks.

The Golden Hour Circle of the First Presbyterian church met yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. A. L. Dahlgren on E Street. Arrangements were made for a bazaar to be held the third week in November and some sewing planned for the children of the San Anselmo orphanage.

During the social hour, delicious refreshments were served in cafeteria style. Mrs. Dahlgren being assisted in carrying out the idea by her mother, Mrs. George Howell, Mrs. Nelson and Mrs. Reynolds. Roses and dahlias were effectively yarranged in flower holders in the several rooms.

Mrs. Mark Webster will leave today for Paso Robles, where she will join Mr. Webster, whose business interests will keep them there until the first of the year.

Mrs. George B. Posson will entertain this afternoon at her home on the Vista vineyard, complimentary to Miss Gladys McNab, whose marriage to Milton Posson, nephew of Mrs. Posson, will be celebrated at the latter part of October.

Mrs. L. P. Smith and her daughter, Miss Gertrude Smith, have taken apartments at the Hotel in Berkeley for the winter, where Miss Smith is studying at one of the art schools.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Ballard, on Fresno and Elm streets, this evening will be celebrated the marriage of their daughter, Miss Beatrice Ballard, to John Fortune.

The appointments are to be quite simple, the bride to be attired in a girlish frock of lingerie, lace-trimmed, and will carry white carnations and ferns. She will be attended by her sister, Miss Agnes Ballard, who will be attired in pale pink and carry bridesmaid roses. The groom will be supported by his brother, Thomas Fortune, and Rev. Duncan Wallace will tie the nuptial knot.

After the wedding the bride will change her wedding attire for a smart-looking going-away suit of dark blue serge, with a soft hat of pink felt. Upon the return from their honeymoon they will reside at Kearney Park, where Mr. Fortune is the superintendent.

The third division of the First Methodist church met yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. R. W. Harris to plan out the work for the year. A number of new members were added to the list and an election of officers resulted as follows:

President, Mrs. A. V. Leach; vice-president, Mrs. A. N. McLean; secretary, Mrs. W. D. Eastman; treasurer, Mrs. William Larkin; corresponding secretary, Mrs. E. B. Hannon. A tempting luncheon was served at the conclusion of the meeting.

The next meeting will be held on the first Friday of November at the home of Mrs. A. N. McLean.

Rev. and Mrs. Jensen Engholm of Boston will leave shortly for Portland, where they will reside.

A congenial group of friends is that included in a week-end camping party that will enjoy a shooting expedition on the "West Side." Among those in the party are Mr. and Mrs. L. O. Stephens, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Stephens, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Hoffman and their daughter, Mrs. Louis King of San Jose; Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Leach and Mr. and Mrs. Carl Leach.

The wedding of Miss Rosa Peterson, daughter of a wealthy orchardist of this district, to Irvin H. Althouse, city engineer of Portland and son of Rev. W. H. Althouse, pastor of the Evangelical church of that city, occurred last evening at the home of the bride's parents in Sunnyvale.

The place was a large and handsome place, was beautifully decorated for the occasion. To the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March,

played by Miss Lydia Althouse, a sister of the groom, the wedding party filed into the parlor. Miss Peterson leaning on the arm of her father and attended by Miss Katie Anthony. The groomsmen were William S. Althouse, a brother of the groom, Rev. W. H. Althouse read the ring ceremony, the wedding being performed under a large floral bed.

A wedding supper was served following the ceremony and a general reception followed. This morning they left for San Francisco and a honeymoon spent in part in a trip down the coast by boat. After two weeks' visit in the south they will return to Portland to make their home on Roche avenue.

The Jolly Twelve Card Club played its round of 500 yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. W. Spencer, celebrating the return of the social season. The usual games resulted in the gift for high score, a silver salad fork, going to Mrs. F. F. Sherman, and a hand-painted plate to Mrs. Leila Pippig for second score. Mrs. B. A. Maxson was the only substitute. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Joseph Smith, 1528 I street.

The members present yesterday were Mesdames W. W. Spencer, E. W. Holcomb, F. F. Sherman, B. A. Maxson, Leila A. Pippig, Isaac Meyers, Edgar S. Van Meter, Joseph Smith, V. W. Fredericks, H. A. Smith, Marjette Hays and Hugh Sparhawk.

The Swastika Birthday Club was entertained by Mrs. W. T. Pugh on Thursday afternoon at her home on Jensen avenue. The afternoon's entertainment was a guessing contest in which Mrs. H. M. Worthington received the prize, and later a delicious luncheon was served, the club colors of blue and gold being carried out in the decorations. Mrs. Otto will entertain the club at its meeting two weeks hence at her home, 311 J street.

Mrs. Scott McKay entertained very delightfully at bridge yesterday afternoon at her home on Clark street, complimentary to Mrs. J. D. Morgan, who leaves shortly for San Diego to spend the winter. Pretty color combinations in dahlias and also cosmos made the rooms festive for the occasion, and after an afternoon's playing delicious refreshments were served. Mrs. McKay was assisted in entertaining by the members of the Kaffee Klatch.

The Florence Nightingale Circle of the First Christian church met at the home of Mrs. W. D. Scott yesterday afternoon to plan the work for the coming year. A social hour concluded the afternoon, in which a pleasing program was given and later refreshments were served. The following were the numbers heard:

Plano solo..... Mrs. Sam Lonsdale.
Life of Florence Nightingale..... Mrs. H. O. Breeden.
Plano solo..... Miss Corinne Gearhart.
Reading..... Mrs. Frank Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Coleman returned yesterday to their home in Clovis after an extensive trip of several months' duration through the East.

George Pickford has returned to Fresno after remaining in San Francisco a month with his sister, Mrs. George Kohler, who has been ill in that city.

Mrs. Hattie Sweet, who has been enjoying the salt air in San Francisco for the past two months, will return home about the first of November.

Lucius Baker of Big Bend is enjoying a visit from his brother, Mr. Otis Baker of Kalama, Mich., and his two sons, Marcus and Roderick, of Butte Falls, Oregon.

MAN WHO STARTED FIRE IS MISSING

Testimony of Eye Witness to Burning of Child Is Lacking

After listening to the evidence surrounding the death of Maybell McClung, who died Thursday night as the result of burns, a coroner's jury yesterday afternoon rendered a verdict that exonerated the man who started the fire to burn rubbish.

Harry Kerigan, in front of whose house the child was burned, testified that the day previous he had hired a man whose name he did not know to clean up the yard, but had given the man no orders to burn rubbish.

He was told a little child had been burned from the fire in front of the house that he owned and he testified that he questioned the laborer, who said that he built the fire of his own accord to clean up the place.

The man who started the fire could not be found yesterday, although a search was made for him by Kerigan and Coroner Bean. Mrs. J. P. Knight testified that she had heard the laborer tell the children not to be afraid of the fire. She did not see the accident.

H. H. Stapp, a deliveryman, told of hearing the child's screams and of seeing his mother for a half block and extinguishing the flames with a blanket. H. H. McClung testified as to the age and nativity of his daughter.

FOUR YOUTHS ARE IN JAIL FOR BURGLARY

Tony Rogers Is Accused of Series of Chinese Camp Raids and Burglaries

Tony Rogers, aged 18 years, was placed in jail yesterday morning by Detective Inspectors and Deputy Sheriff Thorwaldson on a charge of burglary. He is alleged to have been associated with John Starr, Edward Estes and Frank Pardo in raids on Chinese camps in the vicinity of the city, where they stole money and other articles of value found in the camps. Rogers has been in trouble before. He is said to have made a complete confession.

Confession of the four boys, the officers think, brings to an end the raids that have been made on the fruit pickers' camp while the workers were in the fields. The four boys are being held in jail pending arraignment in the juvenile court. The officers suspected Rogers of being implicated in the burglaries, but were unable to connect him with any of the crimes until yesterday. The boys are said to have robbed camps from Stockton to Falmouth.

Sensational Sale Today Only

Of Last Season's

Suits And Dresses

Accumulations Odds and Ends Formerly Priced From \$15 to \$30

\$4.95

About 50 garments in the lot that have been specially reduced to \$6.66 and \$7.95—are now further reduced for a final clearance—

All good materials—that with a little remodeling—will be stylish and up-to-date—

All sizes to select from—

Owing to the sensational reduction we will ask you to do your own alterations—

Last Season's Tailored Waists Soiled and Mussed

25c

Soiled waists—selected from our special \$50 line—made of good washable materials in up-to-date styles—

Sale limited to three for each customer—

12 1-2c Figured Silkline 10c

A special sale—for the next few days—Our very best grade of figured silkline—in a fine assortment of patterns—36 inches wide—in a quality that will give entire satisfaction—

\$2 Plaid Blankets \$1.65

A pretty wool nap blanket, in pink, tan, gray and blue plaids; extra heavy; large double bed size, at a special price.

\$3 Plaid Blankets \$2.35

A beautiful plaid blanket; fast colors; blue, gray, tan and pink plaids; full double bed size; on special sale.

Bleached 75c Sheets 63c

Made of an extra heavy quality sheeting; no dressing; no seam in the center; full 42x90; the best sheet ever offered for this price.

15c PILLOW CASES—The same excellent quality as the above sheets; size 42x86. Specially reduced to 10c.

\$1.50 Cotton Comforters \$1.18

Double bed size, 72x78—covered with figured silkline and filled with good white cotton; good assortment of patterns and colors—

\$3.00 Silkline Comforters \$2.55

Covered on both sides with the best quality of figured silkline, has a 9 inch border on one side to match, filled with the very best quality pure white cotton—

A very serviceable and attractive article—at an especially attractive sale price—

Einstein's

We Sell Pictorial Review Patterns

REV. HENRY SAYS MINISTERS SHOULD GET INTO POLITICS

Delegate to Presbyterian Synod Says Old Parties Favor Whiskey

Delegates to the Pacific Synod of the Cumberland Presbyterian church had an interesting discussion yesterday during their second day's session at the Adventist church. The sermon at 11 o'clock in the morning was off the beaten path, as Rev. Henry of San Francisco took the position that it is the duty of the minister to go into politics, both in practice and in preaching.

The report on temperance drew forth adverse views as to the best way to deal with the whiskey traffic. One delegate took the stand that a man cannot be a Republican, Democrat, Socialist or Progressive without favoring whiskey. Another delegate disputed this assertion by declaring that Rev. Bonifant and Democrats wiped the saloons out of Selma.

Rev. W. D. Hawkins preached an interesting sermon at 7:30 o'clock last evening. Today will be devoted to a business session with the exception of a sermon at 11 o'clock this morning by Rev. J. J. Henry and an address at 7:30 this evening by Rev. W. D. Hawkins. The sessions are expected to end Monday night.

PASTOR TO PREACH FAREWELL SERMON

Lutheran Minister at Easton Receives Call to Portland, Oregon

Rev. M. T. Jensen Engholm, who has been pastor of the Danish Lutheran church at Easton for nearly six years, will preach his farewell sermon on next Sabbath morning, having received and accepted a call to go to Portland, Ore., to become pastor of one of the Danish Lutheran churches in that city. No successor has yet been appointed. Rev. Engholm came here in December, 1906, and has succeeded in building up a fine congregation.

Clean!

That's the great point about food. It can't be good if it's not clean. Home kitchen never was cleaner or better ventilated than the **HOLSUM** bakery. No dust gets in, no hands—or breath—touch the dough or the loaves till you unwrap them. Every loaf is sealed against odor or anything unclean in special wax paper. Flying dust or hands grimy from handling horses can't soil **HOLSUM** bread. Get one loaf of this cleanest bread and see if it isn't the best tasting too—crust to center. **HOLSUM** bread costs 10 cents. It's a double loaf and cuts the neatest looking slice. Sold at the good groceries.



MODEL STEAM BAKERY

2422 KERN STREET

Phone 569

Holsum on sale by all live grocers—If your grocer doesn't handle it, phone 5

Join the Joiners Monday, October 21st.

\$ MILLION DOLLAR DAY \$

No Excuse Accepted for Ill-Dressed Men

Stores like ours, fitted up with every try-on convenience, backed by the perfect tailoring service of STEIN-BLOCH, have backed misfits off the map.

Do you, reader, still patronize the dark ages and pay out good money for tape measure clothes?

Economy blushes for you if you do, for you are wasting time and money.

Try on a Stein-Bloch suit before our tall mirrors today. Price \$20.00 to \$35.00.

Many other good reliable makes ranging in price from \$12.50 to \$20.00.

Overcoats

This season we have paid particular attention to our overcoat department.

\$12.50 to \$32.50

MAUR CE RORPHURO MOST... RELIABLE... CLOTHIER AND HABERDASHER

1023-25 I St.

Fresno

THE MAN

Who wants shoe comfort, shoe style and shoe economy will find all of these qualities in the

Kneeland Shoe

The best \$4 and \$5 shoes on the market. They fit, they wear and they fairly bristle with snap and style.

They are the most economical shoes to buy because they retain their shape and wear much longer than other makes of shoes.

We are agents for the KNEELAND SHOES.

Ewers' Shoe House

1146 J STREET.



Gust Swartz Auto and Taxicab

Livery

Office 1035 J St.

Stand Phone 3235

SERVICE DAY AND NIGHT

7-passenger Limousine, Driver, Claude Doherty, Phone 2150. Formerly driven by Jack Clark.

5-passenger Chalmers - Detroit, Driver, Gust Swartz, Res. Phone 1254.

Taxicab, Driver, W. C. Mugs, Res. Phone 3308.

Call and get rates.

Special rates for long trip. Fair rates for short trips.

SUES ELECTRIC CO. BANKERS ENDORSE TO SAVE STOCK FROM SALE

Big Creek Engineer Says Pacific Light Doesn't Need Money

Balch and Kerckhoff in Court Action Reveal Finances

In litigation now pending in Los Angeles, the Pacific Light and Power company admitted paying John S. Eastwood \$500,000 in stock of the power company for his interest in the Big Creek water rights. A. G. Balch, W. C. Kerckhoff and associates advanced \$170,000 to Eastwood for maintenance and improvement. Eastwood paid to Mason 60,000 shares in stock for services, and now Mason is suing the Pacific Light and Power company to enjoin the sale of this stock for delinquent assessments. Mason charges that the assessment is unnecessary, and makes various charges in regard to the business management. In its answer filed in Los Angeles the Pacific Corporation admits it has among its assets valuable securities to the amount of \$13,000,000, as alleged in the complaint. It has in its treasury stock of other corporations and bonds aggregating nearly that face value, but denies that these could have been sold prior to or at the time of the assessment complained of at anything like a fair value. It is averred that a forced sale of the bonds would be detrimental to the interests of the power company. At the time the assessment was levied the indebtedness of the power company, it is averred, was \$2,425,200, and without resorting to the assessment of \$5 a share on outstanding stock, it is declared

IRRIGATION BONDS

Clearing House Association Gives Approval to Proposed Amendment

In formal resolutions, the Fresno Clearing House Association of Fresno yesterday gave endorsement to the constitutional amendment to be voted on in November making irrigation bonds approved security for the borrowing of public funds. The resolution follows: Whereas, The irrigation districts are of vital importance to the development of the state; In view of the safeguards provided by recent legislation, and the success of the districts now in operation; Resolved, That the Fresno Clearing House Association hereby endorses the Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 3, to allow the use of irrigation district bonds as security for deposits of public money in banks, and recommends its approval by the voters at the November election.

As to Mason's allegation concerning the deal with himself and J. S. Eastwood for the Big Creek water rights, the power company goes into the history of the transaction. The answer avers that A. G. Balch, W. C. Kerckhoff and their associates had an interest in the water rights and advanced for maintenance and improvements about \$170,000. Eastwood agreed to take \$600,000 in stock of the power company for his interest. It is alleged Eastwood paid to Mason 60,000 shares in stock for services rendered. It is admitted the business of the corporation aggregated \$2,500,000 a year, retaining an actual surplus of approximately \$670,000 annually. The corporation admits it is holding \$400,000 of this surplus and is using it in the payment of debts and in extension work.

COUNCIL DELEGATES TALK ON UNIONISM

George Swigert Resigns as Business Agent of the Retail Clerks

Speeches on unionism by delegates featured the weekly meeting of the Fresno Labor Council last night. In the absence of President May W. Baker, who is attending the San Diego convention of the State Federation of Labor, Paul Soule presided and T. C. Vickers, sergeant-at-arms, was acting secretary. E. P. Lamoureux, the secretary and business agent, is a delegate to the state convention from the Labor Council and was elected Thursday to succeed T. C. Souward as vice-president from the second district, extending from Stockton to Sacramento. H. K. and Lamoureux are delegates from the Labor Council and are not expected to return until tomorrow night or Monday morning. At the council meeting last night new delegates were seated from the Fresno Pressmen's Union and the Hoteliers, No. 234. E. K. Ripley is the new delegate from the pressmen's organization and Amos Bishop represents the Hoteliers' local. Delegates from the Theatrical Stage Employees' Union stated that they would present their new scale for moving picture machine operators to the executive board for consideration, and it endorsed will ask the Labor Council to give its endorsement.

Acting Secretary Vickers read a communication from the Labor Council of Bakersfield asking the Fresno unions to write to C. C. Moore, president of the Panama-Pacific Exposition, with a request that H. H. Schaffert be given a permit to exhibit fire fighting apparatus at the 1915 fair. Schaffert is the chief engineer of the city fire department at Bakersfield and wants a concession to demonstrate methods of fighting fires at the big fair. George Swigert, delegate to the Labor Council from the Retail Clerks, announced last night that he had tendered his resignation as business agent of the Retail Clerks' Union, and the resignation will be considered at the next meeting of that local. Speeches were made on unionism by Swigert, Roxel Stone, E. Brown, Thomas R. Zant, L. Keller and T. C. Vickers.

OAKLAND BOOSTER FIGHTS ANNEXATION

Denison, C. of C. Secretary, Visits Valley Towns for Support

A. A. Denison, secretary of the Oakland Chamber of Commerce, arrived in Fresno yesterday, and this city will be his headquarters for a few days, as he makes side trips to neighboring towns. Denison is making a systematic fight against the amendment to prepare the way for the annexation by San Francisco of east side bay towns. "The proposed law," said Denison last night, "is special legislation of the rankiest kind. It is made to apply to cities containing a 250,000 population. That is a fact that San Francisco may annex such neighboring towns as it can, but would prevent Oakland annexing Richmond, Berkeley, Alameda and such east bay towns as might desire to become a part of Oakland." Denison says that he finds sentiment throughout the state generally opposed to the amendment.

MURDERER SENTENCED TWICE TO BE HANGED

Supreme Court Denies New Trial; Made Effort to Escape

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 10.—John Rogers, convicted of the murder of Benjamin Goodman, a jewelry salesman, was again sentenced to death by Superior Judge Willis of Los Angeles, sitting today for Judge Cabaniss of this city. He is to be hanged at San Quentin in December 27th. Rogers was first sentenced a few days after he was convicted, but the case went to the Supreme Court on appeal. A new trial was denied and it became necessary to sentence the convicted man again. While in the county jail in this city several months ago awaiting transportation to San Quentin, Rogers made an attempt to escape and he was checked by shots fired by several guards.

LIFE FOR MURDER
STOCKTON, Oct. 10.—Frank Thomas, who shot and killed Otto Markler, a young farmer, near French Camp, last June, was today sentenced to life in prison for the first time. The jury deliberated about two hours. The trial has been going on for the last two weeks and has attracted considerable attention owing to the defendant's plea of insanity. The testimony of the district attorney tended to show that the shooting followed a drunken spree.

TRIAL OF BECKER IS OPENED IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The trial of Charles Becker, former police lieutenant for the murder of Herman Rosen, that gambler began in earnest today. The jury was empaneled, District Attorney Whitman made his opening address and the taking of testimony began. Louis Kraus, a Hungarian waiter was called by the state as an eye witness of the murder. He identified in the court room "Dip the Blood," "Lefty Louie" as the actual slayers of the gambler. As to "Dago Frank," the fourth of the gun men indicted for the murder, Kraus was not certain, but he positively identified Jack Sullivan, one of Becker's alleged tools, as the man who bent over the liquor table and shot the victim in front of the Hotel Metropole.

HUMANE SOCIETY IS FORMED AT REEDLEY

Strong Branch to Protect Children and Animals; 62 Members

A strong branch of the Fresno County Humane Society was organized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. D. England and Tuesday last evening by sixty-two subscribers, all residing in Reedley or that vicinity. Wm. Harvey, Sr., represented the parent society and the name was fixed as the "Reedley Branch of the Fresno County Humane Society." The purpose of the organization is to transact all the business pertaining to the district of Reedley by Reedley members. The officers elected were: President, Rev. H. Metcalf, pastor of the Methodist church; secretary, Mrs. Eugene Fowler.

S. D. England, Rev. R. Metcalf, G. E. Plinterman, Mrs. Eugene Fowler, Miss Blanch Morgan, Mrs. Sarah Benson and W. S. Kammur were elected special officers, who, when their appointment has been approved by one of the judges of the Superior Court, will have the powers of an officer and will be authorized to interfere in any case of cruelty to children or animals and when making arrests to call others to their assistance. Following is a list of the members who reside in or near Reedley: Mrs. P. S. Knauer, A. P. St. John, C. W. Matthews, Mrs. J. A. Gallagher, Mrs. Madeline Miller, Mrs. H. Bergthold, Mrs. I. P. Marler, Mrs. J. C. Halderman, Mrs. Minnie Mills, Rev. H. J. Krebbs, E. A. M. Webb, Prof. G. A. Harkleroad, Miss Media Carrier, Mrs. Simpson, C. H. Reinhardt, C. H. Green, H. M. Elyson, Ralph Brown, Mrs. Geo. Hodges, H. M. Grider, H. D. Bullin, M. J. Wickstrom, C. H. Noble, Frank Fane, E. R. Eymann, D. C. Krebbs, J. D. Schmidt, Jno. W. Pugh, N. D. Braver, N. D. Balmville, Justus, Clark & Needham, A. E. McClannahan, Miss Fannie McConnell, Trembley Bros., Mrs. Eugene Fowler, Peter H. Block, Miss Helena Brown, Jno. Tacker, Mrs. Henry Bergthold, Mrs. C. H. Muller, Mrs. Cornelia Firebaugh, Mrs. E. A. Fisher, Mrs. F. Saggino, J. P. Clancy, Dr. E. Richert, Mrs. Sara Nickle, H. Yasni, L. A. Wilson, F. M. Wozgat, A. P. Wedel, Mrs. A. P. Armstrong, A. Mosakson, Crosby Brothers, Dr. W. J. Ross, Mrs. G. E. Huebert, C. Jensen, S. D. England, Miss Iva England, Mrs. S. D. England, M. Enos, Ernest Ruth, R. J. Janzen, E. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Pinkerton, Mrs. E. Fowler, Miss Blanch Morgan, Rev. R. C. Metcalf.

GRAND LODGE CLOSES SESSIONS IN SOUTH

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 11.—The sixty-third annual communication of the California grand lodge, F. and A. M., closed today with the installation of officers elected at the morning session. Just before final adjournment, A. J. Menroe, the retiring grand master, was presented with a handsome silver service. The newly elected officers are: William P. Fillmer, San Francisco, grand master; John D. Murphy, Los Angeles, deputy grand master; J. B. Bougalup, F. D. Benson, San Bernardino, senior grand warden; Judge A. G. Burnette, Sacramento, junior grand warden; John Whitcher, San Francisco, was re-elected Orange county Masons tomorrow.

STATSBURY TELLS OF RAISING FUNDS

Gathered \$165,000 in 1904 for Campaign; From Pennsylvania

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—Edward Stotesbury of Philadelphia, banker and associate of J. P. Morgan, was the first witness examined today by the U. S. commission investigating campaign expenses. Other witnesses scheduled included William S. Edwards, Roosevelt leader in West Virginia; Fred Upson of Chicago and S. Aronewitz of New York. Stotesbury testified that he had collected \$165,765.00 in Pennsylvania in 1904 for the Republican campaign, the money going to the national committee. Principal contributors to the 1904 fund were: American Banknote Company, \$1,000; form for J. P. Morgan, \$1,000; Charles F. Tower, \$7,500; Drexel & Company, \$5,000; Bethlehem Steel Company, \$5,000; Cambria Steel Company, \$5,000; United States Steel Corporation, \$12,775; William Cramp & Sons, \$1,000; Thomas Dolan, \$10,000; G. W. Elkins, \$25,000; Midvale Steel Company, \$5,000; Pennsylvania Steel Company, \$5,000; Philadelphia Electric Company, \$25,000.

In 1905, said Mr. Stotesbury, he collected \$161,051.67 in Pennsylvania for the Republican national campaign. The more important contributors were: Joseph H. Bromley, Philadelphia, \$5,000; E. T. Stotesbury, \$5,000; Drexel & Company, \$5,000. MANY SMALL CONTRIBUTIONS
The greater number of contributions entered in Mr. Stotesbury's account were from \$5 to \$100. Mr. Stotesbury said that he gave \$25,000 this year to President Taft's campaign for renomination. Samuel Aronewitz of New York said Samuel S. Koenig, the Taft leader, actually had named most of the Roosevelt watchers. Aronewitz said Lieutenants of Koenig had induced him to part with the badges and certificates he had gotten from the Roosevelt headquarters. Fred W. Upson of Chicago, assistant treasurer of the Republican national committee in 1908, was the next witness.

Upson said he knew nothing of 1904 campaign funds. In 1905 he was in charge of the Western campaign with headquarters at Chicago and collected \$548,320.59. In addition to this he received \$50,000 from Charles F. Taft and returned it at the end of the campaign. Frank L. Smith of Dwight, Ill., manager of the Illinois Taft campaign in the pre-convention fight, said he received \$20,000 from the Taft club of Illinois and \$19,000 from Director McKinley of the Taft national bureau in Washington. F. C. Schewdtman of Springfield, Ill., vice president of the National Association of Manufacturers, said in 1908 most manufacturers in the association favored President Taft. He said the records of the association in the West showed no contributions, but that the New York books might. The committee then took a recess until Monday.

grand secretary, and Thomas J. Baker of Oakland re-elected grand lecturer. The only contest was for junior grand warden and Judge Burnett won the second ballot from George F. Rodden of San Rafael. The delegates will be the guests of the Orange county Masons tomorrow.

The SKETCH
New stage last, very short vamp, round toe and medium heel. A DANDY FITTER, in patent, tan, suede, dull calf and all fabrics.

\$3.50, \$4, \$5.

Our children's shoes are the best to be found in the city. Regular and hi-cuts in all leathers.

\$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00.

Walk-Over Shoe Store
1041 J Street

You Can Now Buy a Complete Cabinet Style Victrola

for **\$100**

—On Easy Terms. Why delay longer? Visit our Victor Department and hear these new Victrolas. You are under no obligation to buy. But if you do want to buy, we will sell any Victor or Victrola \$10 to \$250 on the easiest terms. Mail orders promptly attended to. Write for Catalogs.

Sherman Clay & Co.
Steinway and Other Pianos. Apollo and Cecilian Player Pianos. Victor Talking Machines.
1044 I STREET, FRESNO

ST. MAUR PARLORS

Formal Opening and Reception This Afternoon

2 Until 9 o'Clock

1930 Fresno Street

All the ladies are invited to inspect our latest improved methods. --

Hair Dressing. Facial Massage. Scalp Treatments. Manicuring. Shampooing. Complete line of Hair Goods. Orders Taken for Special Work. Combing Made Up. Shell Articles and Hair Ornaments. Toilet Requisites.

MRS. SEYMOUR.

Make Your Home A Pleasant Place

The furnishings of your home determine the amount of comfort and pleasure you gain from it—pleasant—cheerful home surroundings do much to influence the character and general habits of everyone. There can be no excuse for poorly selected and cheaply made home furnishings finding their way into the home of any right minded—red blooded American family—good furniture is cheap and will last a lifetime. At the moderate prices we ask and the liberal terms we make you can not afford to be without a pleasant home.

Come in and see us—we are always glad to know you—whether you buy or not.

Brook's FURNITURE CO.
Cor. Fresno and I Sts. Phone 1172

Don't Throw Away That Broken Casting or Forging

Try the CENTRAL WELD AND REPAIR CO. Nothing too large or too small. Cast iron and aluminum our specialty.

Remember, we do not braze, but weld.

927 L STREET. PHONE 1823.

Good Dependable Fall Goods
CORRECT IN STYLE---BEST IN QUALITY---HONEST LOW PRICES

A combination that is hard to beat. That is what you get if you deal with us. Money cheerfully refunded if not satisfactory.

Ladies' Suits, Coats and Dresses

Every express brings us ready-to-wear garments of quality that will stand the wear. Correct in style, cut and finish—Correct in prices, which means the lowest to be had for like quality in the country. Visit our enlarged suit department. No trouble to show goods here. You are just as welcome to look as to buy.

Ladies' Attractive Novelty Suits

Just in—Now being shown for the first time. 27 elegant, high class, strictly man tailored suits. Materials are imported serges, whipcords, mixtures and diagonals, plain and braided; some are new belt and button holed back effects. These suits are above the ordinary that you generally see displayed at the prices, and will have to be seen to be appreciated.

Prices \$12.50 to \$40.00

LACES

Values to the far, yard 5c

Large yards all-linen Tulle, Mollie, Cluny and Linc finish Wash Laces: fine light patterns, medium weight patterns and heavy weight patterns: 1-2 to 4 inches wide edges and insertions; actual values up to 25c yard. On sale Saturday from 10 a. m. all day, per yard 5c

These laces are very desirable for fine trimmings, fancy work, children's clothing, ladies' underwear, etc.

Extraordinary Offering in Good Desirable Dress Silks

Fancy striped Messaline Dress and Waist Silks; 27 inches wide; come in brown, navy, green, garnet Copenhagen and black grounds with white stripes; the 5c quality. Special, yard only 50c

BLANKETS

Cotton Blankets, Wool Nap Blankets, All Wool Blankets. Sing-a-Red Blankets in white and colors, pair 65c

Cotton Blankets, large enough for any double bed, in white, tan and gray, at 98c, \$1.50 and \$2.00 pair

Wool Nap Blankets, large size, white, gray, tan, at \$1.95, \$2.50, \$3 and \$3.50

Big Special in All Wool Blankets

Values to \$5.00 for \$5.95

Walton's
DEPARTMENT STORE
915-917 J Street, FRESNO, CAL.

CORDUROY DRESSES

In black, navy, green and brown, with the new Persian silk Robespierre collar and cuffs and button; all sizes. A very stylish garment at the special price of \$16.95

\$5 and \$6 Ladies' Wool Dress Skirts \$3.95

Just in—25 ladies' wool skirts, in gray and brown novelty mixtures. A good wearing skirt; value \$5.00 and \$6.00. Special \$3.95

Wool Serge Dresses

Just in by express, made for us especially to order to sell for \$6.95

The real values are considerable more than what we ask. Come in plain brown, navy, black and Copenhagen are trimmed with velvet collars and cuffs and in all sizes, at the special price of \$6.95

10 to 11 A. M. Saturday

\$8.00 and \$9.00 Messaline Silk Dresses \$4.95

Ladies' and misses' all silk messaline one-piece Dresses; new, desirable fall shades, Copenhagen, brown, navy and black, with the new Robespierre collar and jabot; lace trimmed; long sleeves; actual values \$5.00 and \$9.00. For a special attraction from our suit department, take your choice for one hour at \$4.95

The Craft of Art Is To Be Found In Our New Enlarged Millinery Section

Such beautiful hats, exclusive and correct styles, trimmed by New York trimmers, also by our own experts, direct from New York, who trim hats to order and can certainly suit the most fastidious. Our qualities are the best and prices as low as the lowest.

2 Special Offerings For Saturday

That should crowd our Millinery section. Lot of about 65 attractively trimmed Felt Shapes, trimmed with feathers, velvets, silks, ribbon and cords. Every one a new, desirable shape. Values to \$6.00. Saturday, each only \$3.55

High Class Elegant Hats

Adapted from the imported Paris and London styles. Velvet, Beaver, of imported Felts in plain and two-tone pastel shades; also plenty of black and white; all shapes and sizes; trimmed with plumes, feathers, murenaux, silks, velvets; copies of the \$15, \$20 and \$25 ones. Take your choice of about 35 hats. Saturday, each \$6.95

No extra charge for altering to suit any customer.

Children's School Hats

Fancy plaid and striped Hood Hats; cotton, worsted, corduroy and plush, at 68c, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50 each

All colors and all sizes.

STRAW VOTE OF STATE GIVES COLONEL ROOSEVELT MAJORITY

Roosevelt	756
Wilson	314
Taft	199
Dubs	133
Chaffin	40

The figures given above show the result to date of a straw vote taken in the State of California by The California Outlook. The vote was taken by the postcard method. It is shown that thus far 1412 replies have been received.

In all 16,000 reply postcards were sent out, the vote being state-wide. We quote from our letter of instructions to those to whom the cards were sent for mailing in the various counties. "We wish to send one card for each hundred voters or fraction thereof in each precinct in your county. To illustrate, if a precinct has but twelve voters then only one card should be sent into that precinct, the name of the first person appearing on the precinct register being the party to whom the card should be mailed. If

there are one hundred and fifteen voters, two cards should be sent, namely, to the first two voters on the register for that precinct. If there are more than two hundred voters then three cards should be sent in the same order, and so following. . . . In sending out these cards no discrimination whatever should be shown. The idea is to start from the top of the register in each precinct taking the one, two, three or four names as the case may be, without regard to whether they are registered as Republicans, Democrats, Socialists, Prohibitionists or otherwise. In this way we ought to get an absolutely fair return and quite an accurate expression as to just how the people of the state feel."

While a casual reading of the returns above set forth will show that Mr. Roosevelt, with a plurality of 442 over Wilson, a plurality of 557 over Taft, and a clear majority over all Presidential candidates of 75, the real significance comes with a consideration of the figures in their relationship to the total vote of the state. We believe the foregoing statement herein will convince every reader that the vote was taken fairly, that it was distributed generally over the state and that our whole desire and purpose has been to secure an accurate and representative expression of the popular feeling in connection with the Presidential campaign.

We may now proceed, therefore, to a brief comparison and analysis. Let us first take the Taft vote of 199 representing a percentage of .135 plus, of the total vote cast in the straw ballot. It is figured that the total vote in the state this year should reach 700,000. Giving Mr. Taft his full percentage of the state total vote, he would be entitled to 95,000 votes in November. Mr. Wilson's percentage of the straw vote is .218 minus, which in a total vote of 700,000 would entitle him to 152,600.

Mr. Roosevelt's percentage is .524 plus, which from a total vote of 700,000 should give him 366,800. As matters now stand, as is well known Mr. Taft will not be represented upon the ballot in November. The

TELEGRAPHIC HUNT VISALIA GIRL MAY BE SERBIAN EMPRESS ELEANOR

W. H. Bandle Taken Into Custody in San Francisco for Robbery

Is Alleged to Have Robbed Stage Driver of Purse in Mountains

After a telegraphic hunt of several days conducted by Constable Campbell of Sanger, W. H. Bandle, a lumberman wanted for robbery, was located Thursday night on the waterfront in San Francisco and was placed under arrest. Sheriff Walter McSwain, who assisted Campbell in the hunt for the fugitive, received notice of the arrest yesterday morning and Deputy Sheriff Oscar Bottorff left last night for San Francisco to return the prisoner. Bandle is alleged to have robbed William Wilkerson, stage driver between Hume and Sanger of a considerable sum of money. The robbery is said to have occurred the first of this week while Wilkerson was driving the stage to Sanger.

Following a little spree in the mountain resort, it is reported, Bandle boarded the stage and started for Sanger with Wilkerson. On the route more liquor was consumed and Wilkerson is said to accuse Bandle of giving him "knockout drops." When Wilkerson awoke, he found that he had been robbed of his wallet. Bandle was missing and suspicion immediately pointed toward him as the robber.

The matter was taken up with Constable Campbell at Sanger and a warrant charging Bandle with the crime was issued by Justice Hayward. Campbell immediately started a hunt for Bandle by telegraphic communication with the officers throughout the state which finally ended in the apprehension of the lumberman in San Francisco night before last. As the Sanger constable had taken the matter up with Sheriff McSwain he was the officer to receive word of the man's arrest.

Constable Campbell was unable to go after the prisoner himself so the Fresno deputy sheriff was sent to the Exposition City last night armed with the proper papers.

question therefore naturally arises, "What will become of the vote which ordinarily would go to President Taft?" Considering this matter carefully for the purpose of arriving at some basis of figuring, we have decided to make this speculation: That one-third of the Taft vote will stay at home; that one-third of it will go to Mr. Wilson and one-third to Colonel Roosevelt. Accordingly, we have divided the Taft vote into three parts, giving 32,000 to Mr. Wilson and a like number to Colonel Roosevelt. This gives a Roosevelt total of 398,000 and a Wilson total of 174,000.

The subtraction of the Wilson total from the Roosevelt total gives Colonel Roosevelt the astounding plurality of 224,000. The subtraction of one-half of the total vote cast, from the Roosevelt total, gives Colonel Roosevelt a clear majority over all other candidates of all parties 49,000.

With an indicated Roosevelt plurality of 224,000 as shown, the estimate of the Roosevelt campaign managers that his plurality in California will be 100,000 is rendered extremely modest and conservative. We anticipate the easy observation upon the part of some Taft and Wilson supporters that the total of the straw vote is small, and that it therefore cannot be taken as showing general sentiment. We believe that while the returns are smaller than they should have been, they are thoroughly representative and will be found in November to mark out with a high degree of accuracy. The California Outlook heretofore has taken straw votes in the same manner, and its experience always has been that the returns are limited but that the results indicated thereby are borne out with almost mathematical precision in the elections following. This was the case in connection with the May primary and other preceding elections in the state. We have never, thus far, found a straw vote taken by this paper to give a false indication of ultimate election results.

It may be noted that in Los Angeles county 2,000 cards were mailed. The return for the county, to date, gives Roosevelt 223, Wilson 81, Taft 62, Dubs 27, Chaffin 18.

Princess Lazarovich-Hrebzanovitch Was Formerly Eleanor Calhoun

Fortunes of War May Give Throne to Husband by Restoring Dynasty

VISALIA, Oct. 11.—When the war clouds now hovering over the Balkan states have floated away, a girl in Visalia may become the empress of Serbia, and seated on the throne wearing the crown and the regalia of that domain. This event will be brought about in case the present Serbian ruler should be exiled and the dynasty that was overthrown centuries ago restored. Prince Lazarovich-Hrebzanovitch, direct lineal descendant to the emperor dethroned and banished in the fourteenth century, will be given the throne.

By his accession to the throne of Serbia, his wife, formerly Miss Eleanor Calhoun, who was born in Visalia, and is a grand-niece of John C. Calhoun, southern statesman, will become empress and wear the jewels of a royal family which for centuries has been fighting secretly for restoration to power.

Hrebzanovitch and his princess are in San Francisco, having journeyed West to raise funds for the relief of the starving in Serbia and Macedonia and to enlist the aid of loyal followers, who are ready to return with him to Serbia and overthrow the present king.

In case of assassination, the Serbian pretender and his wife have lived in hiding in London for years, and it is understood in diplomatic circles throughout Europe that they have enjoyed the royal protection of the British crown.

When he returned to America, when conditions in the Balkans became threatening and proceeded post-haste to California, where the princess' family resided, and where both she and her aristocratic husband have hundreds of friends. Prince Hrebzanovitch and his friends are mustering their forces and within a fortnight he will sail for Serbia with a following of 6,000 men. But this army will be a mere complement to the already large force said to be mustered secretly in the Balkans ready to fight with Hrebzanovitch for the overthrow of King Peter, the restoration of the old Serbian ruling house, and the sealing of the exiled prince and princess upon the throne of the new nation.

DEVOTED LIFE TO CAUSE. Fulfilling the sacred obligation handed down from generation to generation, in the prince's ancestral family, Hrebzanovitch has devoted his life to fighting for the overthrow of the present Serbian kingdom, for the dethroning of King Peter, and the restoration of the old Serbian empire as it existed and prospered hundreds of years ago, including in its domain the lands now occupied by Macedonia and a part of Bulgaria.

The prince's friends and it is said that they are counted by the tens of thousands throughout Europe—claim that the time has now come to fight for the overthrow of Serbia and the restoration of the old family line to power. Prince Hrebzanovitch has decided to muster up his followers throughout the Balkan territory and strike the crushing blow at King Peter and his family and his family while the war clouds are hanging heavily over the whole Balkan country and the small empire of Serbia still permits this.

DESCENDANT OF DOUSHAN. The exiled prince is a direct descendant of Czar Doushan, who was dethroned and put to flight by the Turks after the battle of Kosovo, June 16, 1389.

From that time, when the family of Czar Doushan was in power the Empire of Persia included all of the territory of the present kingdom together with the domain now occupied by Macedonia and a part of Bulgaria extending to the sea coast.

When in the battle of Kosovo, the Czar was overthrown, and his royal family put to flight, the crown prince was banished from the country of his fathers and with his wife he lived the remainder of his life in exile. It is in this crown prince that Lazarovich-Hrebzanovitch claims direct descent.

Since that eventful battle, which resulted in a division of the vast domain of the Serbian empire besides the overthrow of the royal family, descendants of the dethroned monarch have been working for the restoration of their family to the throne. So it was that Prince Hrebzanovitch took up the fight for the restoration of the Serbian empire with all the lands which it once possessed, for the overthrow of King Peter, and for the throne of Serbia for himself and his proty wife.

SOLUTION OF TROUBLE. The restoration of the Serbian empire, the only real solution of the Balkan trouble, has been the slogan of the dethroned prince. To that cry his faithful followers, numbering hundreds of thousands, all of whom hate King Peter, have answered. They have rallied to the cause, and in one voice they call to the prince to seize the power and to restore the old Empire of Serbia. Prince Hrebzanovitch claims that while there are 3,000,000 Serbians in the present kingdom, there are 11,000,000 old Serbians throughout the Balkan countries, and under Turkish rule. Three hundred thousand are in Montenegro alone. Of this number he confidently expects that the greater part would take up arms against King Peter.

The story of Miss Calhoun's love for the prince, their romance and subsequent marriage, how she has assisted him in laying the plans for his restoration to the Serbian throne, trade like

"MILLION-DOLLAR DAY"—MONDAY, OCT. 21ST



Special Suit Values

All the knowledge and experience of 25 years in clothes buying is concentrated in this mighty effort to give the very biggest value possible for \$15—these suits were made to sell for much more.

In the Juvenile Dept.

Knickerbocker Suits, \$5 to \$12 Fall's select patterns and fabrics in the new mannish effects. Big values.

Ruff Neck Sweaters, \$3.50 and \$4 Complete assortment of colors now. Also girls' and boys' sweater coats now on sale. All \$2.00 and \$2.50 values \$1.40.

Everything for the Boy

Dutchess Trousers 10c a Button \$1 a Rip Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

"MILLION-DOLLAR DAY"—MONDAY, OCT. 21ST

ONE big feature of advantage to you in buying these ready-made clothes made by Hart Schaffner & Marx

is that you see what you get, see how it fits, know how you like it before you buy it.

That's only ONE reason for buying these instead of made-to-measure clothes—the other one is the fact that such clothes as ours are BETTER than the usual made-to-measures.

SUITS AND OVERCOATS, \$18, \$20, \$22.50, \$25 and \$30

\$15



THE HOWE AND COY

Crossett Shoes "Make Life's Walk Easy"

Crossett Almanac

OCTOBER	ANNIVERSARIES AND ASPECTS	1912
13S	Battle between the Frolic and the Wasp, 1812.	
14M	William Penn born, 1644.	
15Tu	William Penn's ship crying wolf, 11.14 a.m., 1644.	
16W	Plague in Greece began spreading through his part of Greece, 1598.	
17Th	Baryon succeeded at Balacon, 1777.	
18F	George III, of England said he didn't care anyway, 1777.	
19Sa	Pay days. Don't forget your Fall Crosets.	

The first quarter of the moon is placed for the 17th.

This week the earth will revolve around its axis once each 24 hours and South America will take its place south of North America.

Weather it rain or weather it snow, we shall have weather, weather or no.

THE ANSWER
A good old-fashioned spelling bee—
"Spell Comfort," quoth old Parson Lee,
And each one answered readily:
"C-R-O-S-S-E-T-T."

Something new in men's shoes—Marvel last. Designed in the Crossett shops. Medium toe. Straight-setting sole. For walking or semi-dress.

Crossett SHOE TRADE MARK \$4 to \$5 Everywhere

LEWIS A. CROSSETT, INC., Makers, North Abington, Mass.

GOODMAN'S INC.
SOLE AGENTS FOR FRESNO

Mid-October ENROLLMENT
Monday, October 14

A good time to get in time for a

HEALD EDUCATION
Our books are so arranged that you may start at any time, so don't wait. Make your start NOW and complete your course before the warm weather. Call or write for catalog.

HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE
Fresno, California.

actress and her first appearance was marked by great triumph. **APPEARED IN PARIS.** Following her debut on the stage she appeared in a long series of Shakespearean productions at the Theatre Francaise in Paris. Then she returned to London and it was while playing Juliet that she made the acquaintance of the handsome young Serbian pretender.

IS MARRIED TO PRINCE. At first the young California star was inclined to treat the prince's attentions lightly, but later his affections were reciprocated and on June 22, 1892, they were married.

Since that marriage the possible empress-to-be, who forsook a brilliant career to become the wife of the pretender, has aided her husband, and if the European statesmen are correct, her reward will be a crown and a throne in the city of Belgrade.

But one obstacle stands in the way of the California girl's full triumph—no son of hers, if she ever becomes a mother, can succeed Prince Hrebzanovitch in the throne, should he ever throw the kingdom and dethrone the present king.

The princess is the second wife of the prince. By his first wife, the exiled Serbian prince, has two sons—twins—Doushan and Stefan. There is also a little princess, Mera, who would reign should the boys miss the throne.

So it now remains for Hrebzanovitch to seize the opportunity for which he has been waiting for years. The plans are drawn, according to statement, a disgruntled people have secretly notified the son of the dethroned family that they will support him and will shoulder arms his claims.

King Peter is scorned by his own people, it is said. Monarchs of Europe are said to look down upon him, and statement say that since the brutal murder of Queen Draga and King Alexander in their bedchamber, five years ago, a stigma has been cast upon the present ruler of Serbia which he cannot live down.

That the prince will take advantage of the opportunity is now confidently believed by statesmen throughout Europe, and unless their prophecies fall amiss, when the war clouds lift over the Balkan countries, the great powers will behold a new Serbian empire, extended to the boundaries of the old country, which was deviated centuries ago and ruled over by King Hrebzanovitch and Queen Eleanor.

JAIL AGED MAN FOR DISTURBING PEACE. Because he was intoxicated and creating a disturbance in Chinatown, John Boyd, aged 72 years, was placed under arrest last night by Patrolman Davis and charged with disturbing the peace. The aged man will be taken into court this morning.

IF YOU NEED A TRUSS Go to Smith Bros, the leading druggists. Their prices the lowest and their qualifications the highest.

Schools and Colleges

ANDERSON ACADEMY
Irvington, California.
Accredited boys' school; climate unsurpassed; location ideal; a swimming pool; all masters of proven ability; a coach for athletics; annual military encampment; commandant a lieutenant in U. S. A. Catalogue on application. William Walker Anderson, principal.

Polytechnic Business College
306 12th St., Oakland, Cal.
A school of high standing and national reputation. Best equipped Business College in the West. Offers best educational opportunities—Every graduate of complete course for ten years employed at good salary. Homelike accommodations. Write for free Catalogue. Come to Oakland.

INSURRECTION IN POLAND IS FEARED
PARIS, Oct. 10.—Reports of a possible insurrection in Poland have resulted in secret instructions being given financiers in Russian Poland to transfer their documents and valuables to Moscow, according to a St. Petersburg dispatch to the Temps.

VETERINARIANS
To meet the increasing demands for our services we have greatly increased our facilities and are in a position to extend the very best of prompt and efficient services.
Drs. Longley, Woodside and McKenna
TWO AUTOS. UP-TO-DATE METHODS.
616 EYE STREET. TEL. 724.

October 21st is
\$ MILLION DOLLAR DAY \$
Your Help Is Needed!

COL. ROOSEVELT DEFENDS HIS TARIFF RECORD

(Continued From Page 1)

eight years. It would have been more fully immediately to have begun to prepare for another change. The time for such another change did not ripen until the very end of my administration.

"The fact that the country was not ripe for such a change was shown because there was no general public demand for tariff legislation until the end of my term of service, and the platform of my party did not take up the tariff question during this term of service.

"The immediate and pressing demand for important legislation was legislation of a wholly different kind. During the time that I was President there was no complaint at all that I was not doing enough. The complaint of all my enemies was that I was doing too much.

REGRET FOR LA FOLLETTE

"It has been a matter of regret to me that Senator La Follette, who has done so much for the Progressive cause, has felt that because of his antagonism to me he must range himself against the progressive movement in this campaign, thereby giving his old-time enemies, the reactionaries, a much-needed support. It has been asserted that I did not take sides with the La Follette people in their campaign in Wisconsin in 1904. This is an error.

Colonel Roosevelt then read from a letter he wrote to George B. Cortelyou, then chairman of the national Republican committee, during the 1904 campaign, in which he said that no favoritism must be shown to the "state" people in a speech in April, 1907, he said, he had praised Senator La Follette's work, and he added, until he became a candidate last year the senator had never spoken of him publicly save in terms of approval. He quoted Senator La Follette as saying in a speech in April, 1907, that Colonel Roosevelt should have another term. From the senator's speech in the senate in July of last year the

colonel read several extracts in which La Follette commended him highly.

ONE GREAT OBJECT

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 11.—"One great object of this Progressive movement is to take the government away from the Penroses."

This remark, made by Governor Johnson, in a great throng in the Academy of Music here tonight, was greeted by prolonged applause. He added: "You don't know how small these bosses will look until you have rid yourselves of their obnoxious presence."

In discussing the control of big business, the speaker said:

"It is of no avail to read in the morning papers that the Standard Oil has been dissolved and to find by the afternoon papers that oil has advanced in price."

DARROW TO BE TRIED AGAIN NOVEMBER 21

Attorneys Agree to Postpone Case; Prosecution Not Yet Prepared

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 11.—Attorneys for the prosecution and defense agreed today to postpone the beginning of the second trial of Clarence S. Darrow until November 21. The trial on the indictment charging the Chicago labor lawyer with the bribery of Robert F. Bain, a McNamara juror, had been set for October 31 before Judge Conley of Madera county. Press of business and the ill health of Chief Counsel Earl Rogers of the defense were the reasons given by the attorneys for the delay.

The trial may not begin on November 21 as the thirty day postponement granted by Acting Presiding Judge Norton was made contingent upon the condition of the calendar. The stipulation of opposing counsel also set forth that the prosecution desired more time in which to prepare the case.

HOTEL REGISTERS TELL THE STORY OF M'NAMARA'S TRAVELS

(Continued From Page 1)

financed the dynamiters. At the St. Louis meeting he is charged with promoting the Llewellyn Iron Works explosion.

"Was Mr. Gompers registered at the hotel at the time?" asked Attorney J. W. Noel.

"He wasn't registered, but he was around the hotel a good deal," answered the witness.

"United States Senator J. W. Kern, for the defense, objected."

"Mr. Gompers is not a defendant. He has nothing to do with the case."

"Nothing other than it will be shown he had something to do with the defense of the conspirators in the state of California," replied Mr. Noel.

Judge A. B. Anderson ruled that he, at present, saw no relevancy in the mention of Mr. Gompers' name and none appeared in future testimony, he would so instruct the jury.

Objection also was made to the mention of McNulty and Madden, who are not defendants.

TRACE EVENTS

Drama of the events, leading up to the Los Angeles Times disaster were traced through hotel registers this afternoon. George Dixon and Charles Busby, hotel men at San Francisco, identified the signature of "J. B. Ryan" the name assumed by J. B. McNamara when he landed in San Francisco, August 23, 1910, the day before he blew up a lumber plant at Oakland.

McNamara was then traced to Seattle where an explosion on an office building occurred August 31. The appearance of F. A. Schmitt, known as "Perry," was traced in a San Francisco hotel register, while McNamara, Schmitt and Kaplan were later located in Los Angeles, two days before the Times disaster.

All this evidence was presented by the government at tending to sustain its charges that the Los Angeles explosion was part of a general conspiracy implicating the present defendants.

Walter L. Smith, a hotel man at Los Angeles, identified the signature of Olaf A. Twitmore as having registered there in August, 1910.

MANY EXHIBITS

Tin cans in which dynamite had been carried, guns and old cartridges were put in readiness for the trial of the Times disaster. Two magazines, alleged to have been implicated in the dynamiting of iron and steel plants, which is soon to open here.

Mr. Nichols, who prepared much of the government's case before the federal grand jury for which he has been engaged with assistants in assorting the jumble of evidence.

Six hundred and twenty exhibits have been listed. They are to be presented to the jury one by one and include: Two magazine guns, a rifle, fuses and alarm clock attachments for bombs, taken from the values of McNamara and James B. McNamara.

when they were arrested in the lobby of a hotel in New York on April 12, 1911. Fuses, alarm clocks and dynamite boxes taken from the vaults of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers when J. J. McNamara, the secretary, was arrested in Indianapolis on April 22, 1911.

Parts of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

The original bill for \$150 paid for the ammunition letters used by James B. McNamara and his accomplices in changing the name "Pastime" to "Peters" on the lunch in which the explosive used at Los Angeles was brought into San Francisco.

Part of an infernal machine found near the home of F. J. Zeehandelaar, Los Angeles, on the morning the Los Angeles Times building was blown up.

WILSON KEEPS UP ATTACK ON PLAN TO REGULATE TRUSTS

(Continued From Page 1)

men. Now I am no more in favor of a gentlemanly monopoly than one that is ugly and impolitic."

The governor brought forth in the same speech his ideas on regulating competition.

"You will say, 'well you get up competition by statute,' but it resolved that men shall compete with one another, and not as innocent as I look," said the governor. "I am not maintaining that you can command men to compete, but I do say that you can remove the insuperable impediments, the insuperable obstacles to competition, which ought not to be. No man ought to be allowed to come in and compete in a local market where he is not selling elsewhere in order to make it possible for a beginning in the enterprise to get a local foothold."

"No combination ought to discriminate between retail dealers and refuse to sell to those who venture to buy from competitors."

BRYAN IN MINNESOTA.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 11.—W. J. Bryan invaded Minnesota today. He left Grand Forks this morning and made several rear platform speeches on his way to the twin cities, being due here tonight. He will leave about midnight for Cedar Rapids and Des Moines, Iowa.

MARSHALL PLANS TOUR.

CHICAGO, Oct.

California Oil Field News

DECREASE OF 32,000 BARRELS SHOWN IN COALINGA MONTHLY PRODUCTION

Report of Manager of Independent Producers' Agency Shows This Result; Storage Oil Increases 54,000 Barrels for the Same Period

COALINGA, Oct. 11.—The report of R. W. Dallas, manager of the Coalinga branch of the Independent Producers' Agency, for the month of September, shows a decrease in the production of over 32,000 barrels of oil compared with the former month, but when the extra day in August is considered, the production of September was in reality about 29,000 barrels greater. The storage of the field was increased by over 54,000 barrels, and the shipments showed a big decrease, the actual figures being 11,347 barrels.

The private car shipments amounted to 15,500 barrels, wagon deliveries, 4,360; and fuel consumed in the field operations, 63,323.

During the month there were ten new wells brought in with an average daily production of 5,870 barrels, combined.

Following is the table showing the various field operations, with a comparison with August:

	East Side	West Side	South Field	Total	Aug.
Wells shut in	13	20	25	58	50
Wells drilling	47	33	10	90	88
Wells prod. susp.	27	167	0	194	203
Wells prod.	263	543	0	773	843
New rigs susp.	3	2	0	5	1
New rigs susp.	14	32	0	46	55
Storage	101,527	250,445	0	351,972	297,552
Shipments	7,055,185	842,455	0	7,897,640	7,712,457
Production				1,695,027	1,637,095

Get Behind This Big Movement and

BOOST!!!!

\$ MILLION DOLLAR DAY \$

Monday, October 21st.



Have Some "Time Off"

"A man's work is from sun to sun, a woman's work is never done." An old saying that, but certainly not a truism—at least not with the woman who works intelligently and who has modern conveniences at hand.

And the modern convenience that saves as much as any other in helping the busy housewife to have some "time off" during the day is to cook with gas. Cooking with gas saves time and work. With gas in the house there's no tedious, time-

consuming "getting ready" for a meal, no exasperating, troublesome cleaning-up after it. It helps shorten women's working hours by doing all that's demanded in the shortest possible time.

Cooking with gas is quick, clean, satisfactory. And thrifty women are unanimous in declaring it to be economical.

Why not have "Pacific Service" in your home. Don't consider its cost—that will take care of itself to your satisfaction. Consider the comfort derived from its use—its great convenience.

A phone call or postal will bring a representative to you with full information.

"Pacific Service" is "Perfect Service"



Complaint Dept.

Phone 671

Business Office Phone 61

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

1210 J St.

STANDARD TO EXPLOIT WILDCAT TERRITORY

Latest Venture Is Anchor Lease Well in Whittier District

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 11.—The Standard Oil Company has begun work on the Anchor lease in the Whittier district. Oil men consider this to indicate that the big company will confine its prospecting to wildcat territory in its efforts to secure light oil in the southern field.

There is no doubt but that the high gravity product is what the Standard is anxious to secure in this section of the state as elsewhere, for fundamentally the big company is a refining concern.

The wells in the Coyote Hills district of the Fullerton field, have undoubtedly been put down as a result of the Murphy's securing a very high gravity product in its wells, and the operations on the Anchor lease are probably caused by the fine production of light oil obtained by the Central and Murphy in their wells.

Nevertheless the efforts of the Standard to secure the light product have so far not been productive of any great benefit to the company, a growing belief that the "game is not worth the candle" in the Fullerton wells. With the exception of the two on the Emery lease all are wildcats.

NOTES FROM WHITTIER AND FULLERTON FIELDS

FULLERTON, Oct. 11.—The Standard well on the Anchor lease in the Whittier district is down nearly 400 feet, having been spudded in a short time ago.

The Union Oil Company is tubing well No. 3 in La Habra valley. The well is expected to come in soon and will undoubtedly be a good producer as it is located near the Amalgamated Oil Company's developments in the valley.

The Standard is still working on Coyote No. 1, not having gotten a satisfactory production from it as yet. The Standard's other wells in the Fullerton district are drilling. The Amalgamated has spudded in well No. 12 in La Habra valley.

RIGHT-OF-WAY FOR PIPE LINE GRANTED

BAKERSFIELD, Oct. 11.—The Standard Oil Company has given the Midway Gas Company pipe line right of way for one 12-inch pipe line and two 16-inch pipe lines over section 20, 32, 34.

FILE ARTICLES OF NEW OIL COMPANY

BAKERSFIELD, Oct. 11.—Articles of incorporation have been filed here by the Success Development company, the directors being William H. Craig, J. P. Wedel, O. W. Karkel, M. F. Palmer of Upland, Theodore Frase, A. H. Schwan and Ada H. Schwan of Los Angeles.

SUPPLY OF MALAGAS STILL HOLDING UP

First Car of Lemons Leaves Exeter—Pomegranates From Porterville

FRUIT SHIPMENTS.

Shipments reported 3,356

Shipments yesterday 33

Total to date 3,439

The fruit movement continued heavy yesterday, with fifty-three cars going out of the valley and others points.

Fifty of these cars were Malagas, one Empereur, one pomegranates from Porterville, and one lemons from Exeter. This is the first full carload of lemons of the season and the second of pomegranates.

The supply of Malagas continues to hold up surprisingly, and green fruit men predict that these grapes will be moving out of the valley for two or three weeks to come. The active picking season for Empereurs will not begin until next week and the picking may be delayed a few days, as the shippers are desirous of getting the bulk of the Malagas off their

MIDWAY GAS COMPANY TO INVADE SOUTHLAND

Asks for Certificate Under Utilities Law in Two Counties

BAKERSFIELD, Oct. 11.—The application of the Midway Gas company for certificate of public convenience and necessity in Kern and Los Angeles counties will be heard before State Railroad Commissioners Eschman and Edgerly in Los Angeles on October 30.

The public utilities commission of Los Angeles is making a careful investigation of the use of natural gas and comparing it with the use of artificial gas in the city.

UNION SEEKS GUSHER SAND IN BREA CANYON

Will Seek Oil Sand From Which Birch and Columbia Secured Results

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 11.—The Union has started two wells in Brea Canyon for the strata from which the Birch Oil Company and the Columbia Producing Company have secured the heavy flow of oil in their wells. The Birch well has been producing steadily about 2500 barrels a day and the Columbia well looks good for a maintained output of at least 1500 barrels.

One of the Union's wells is the Stearns No. 68, which is down about 550 feet. This is to the east of the Birch. The other is the Naranjal No. 8, which is to the west and is down about 190 feet.

It is expected to go about 3000 feet deep on these wells. The Stearns lease is the oldest holding of the Union in this locality and is on the opposite side of the canyon from the Birch, Orange and General Petroleum wells.

LA HABRA VALLEY WELL FLOWS GOOD

FULLERTON, Oct. 11.—The Petroleum company well No. 1 in La Habra Valley has been holding up well in production and still continues flowing about 600 barrels. This well for quite a period had considerable difficulty with water. It was deepened, however, and since that time has been steadily clearing out until at present the quantity of water amounts to practically nothing. From the tenth to the thirtieth of last month about 11,000 barrels were delivered from No. 1, the Standard, taking the oil.

The Petroleum Company's well No. 2 is in oil sand at 3145 feet, and is expected to finish up in about three weeks. The depth at which it will probably come in is 3200 feet. The company has just gotten the lumber on the ground for rig No. 2, which will be erected as soon as No. 2 comes in.

HARRIMAN-GALLAHER DEBATE ON SOCIALISM AROUSES MUCH INTEREST

The debate between Job Harriman of Los Angeles and M. C. Gallaheer of Fresno on "Socialism versus Democracy" promises to be a big affair, as many people are expected to come from points as far south as Bakersfield and north to Modesto.

The debate will be held in the Barton opera house on next Thursday evening, the 17th instant. Admission to any part of the house only 15 cents.

hands before dealing in Empereurs. In this way it is hoped to keep the Eastern market steady and insure good prices for the end of the season. Advances from the East are that prices are holding up well and there is a brisk demand for Malagas and Empereurs.

Though the Southern Pacific officials are still reporting a shortage of refrigerator cars for this district, the situation has been relieved somewhat by the daily arrival of from twenty-five to thirty cars on the Santa Fe. Many of these have been transferred to the Espee line to accommodate the shippers.

EVANGELIST SPEAKS TO CROWD AT CHURCH

No Services Will Be Held at North Side Christian Church This Evening

Evangelist Ferguson spoke before a large crowd last night at the North Side Christian church, taking as his subject: "Man as He Shall Be Hereafter." He said that in treating this subject he must follow two lines of human life or character, the one leading up to God through Jesus Christ, the other leading to death through sin.

In his discourse he showed that the Bible makes this sharp distinction between men in the hereafter as well as in this life, and that it is the only distinction made in men by Jehovah here and hereafter. The telling point in his discourse was that in the first case men become God-like and in the other they assume a character of evil that forever separates them from God.

Sunday morning his subject will be "Mother and Her Influence." In the evening his theme will be, "The Apostle's Creed."

There will be no services Saturday evening as the Rev. Ferguson uses Saturday as a rest day to prepare for the Sunday service. Sunday morning will be Rally Day in the Sunday school and an effort will be made to have 500 present.

STRIKE SETTLEMENT IS NOW IN SIGHT

State Officer of Bricklayers Arrives to View Work on Brix Building

The settlement of the strike and boycott by the unions on the Brix apartment house at M and Fresno streets has been put up to the members of the Bricklayers' Union of this city. J. J. Ryan of Oakland, state secretary-treasurer of the Bricklayers' arrived here last night to confer with representatives of the Building Trades' Council and the Bricklayers' Local T. C. Vickers represents the B. T. C. and Chance Scott, president, and Roy Irwin, secretary, are from the Bricklayers' Union.

Ryan will confer today with Contractor Amweg, who is building the Brix building, and Contractor White, who is doing the brick work. Amweg and White have been put on the official unfair list by the Building Trades' Council and the Bricklayers' Union. C. H. Scott is president of the B. T. C. and also a prominent member of the Bricklayers. Ryan is a member of the state executive board and assistant city building inspector at Oakland. He attended the state conference here last December and is acquainted with building conditions in Fresno.

It is stated by members of the B. T. C. that Contractor Amweg is anxious and willing to be placed on the fair list and will employ only union men to attain that end. However, he has sublet the brick contract to a man who is employing non-union masons and here is where the trouble started. It is believed that the visit of Ryan to Fresno will result in the non-union men joining the union and thus lift the ban on the Brix job. The steel frame work is in place and the non-union workmen are laying bricks in the basement. Contractor Amweg desires to make the job fair as he has other contracts in the state.

GOVERNOR OPPOSED TO DEATH PENALTY

PHOENIX, Ariz., Oct. 11.—Declaring that capital punishment had no more place in the present day order than the burning of witches, Governor Hunt granted reprieves today to Wm. Campbell, Eduardo Pulis, N. B. Chavez and Miguel Peralta, all of whom were to have been hanged today. The reprieves deferred the date of execution to April 13.

Governor Hunt expressed hope that the legislature would pass at its next session a bill abolishing capital punishment, and added that if the lawmakers failed to act the people would be certain to initiate such a law.

BUY YOUR DRUG WANTS At Smith Bros., the leading druggists; their prices the lowest and their qualifications the highest.

Miss Bell T. Ritchie having recently returned from her musical studies in the city, has opened a new studio, 2123 Stanislaus street. Phone 2485.

The Coliseum recommends Don Antonio Cigars—they know.

Your Hair? Go To Your Doctor

Ayer's Hair Vigor is composed of Sassafras, Clove, Cedar, Eucalyptus, Cinnamon, Nut, Almond, Rose, Valerian. Show this to your doctor. Ask him if there is a single substance indicated. Ask him if he thinks Ayer's Hair Vigor, as made from these ingredients, is the best preparation you could use for falling hair, or for dandruff. Does not contain the least of O. O. Ayer's Ointment, Lotion, Cream.

Solomon's Saturday Specials

Where You Can Save Immensely

Here are some more of Solomon's Specials, those low prices that mean such great savings. Just as cold weather is coming on specially low prices have been made on things that will be needed, sweaters, overcoats, suits, etc. The finest kind of goods and the lowest prices. You save money when you buy here. Look at the big cut that has been made in prices today. Come in as soon as you read this and take advantage of this opportunity.

Men's \$15.00 and \$18.00 Suits \$12.00

Right in the latest style, made of good, serviceable material, well made; neat and good enough for any occasion, these suits are wonderful bargains. You'll never find an opportunity better than this and it is not going to last long. Come in and select your suit today.

Special Reduction on Sweaters

\$5.00 High Grade Ruff Neck Sweaters \$3.50

\$2.50 Excellent Ruff Neck Sweaters \$1.50

Boys' School Suits, Now Only \$3.00

Time to Buy an Overcoat \$10.00

Special Now at \$2.50

Men's High Grade Hats Of Very First Quality, Now Special at \$2.50

Solomon
THE CLOTHIER
1037 N. MARIPOSA ST.

The loudest noise ever heard



The loudest noise ever heard was the sound of the eruption of the volcano of Krakatau in 1883, which, according to a scientist was heard three thousand miles away. This volcano is situated in the Straits of Sunda, between Java and Sumatra. If the eruption had occurred in San Francisco it would have been heard as far away as Chicago. It caused air waves that encircled the earth seven times, and the dust from it was carried about the earth in the air for three years.

Today there are over a million users of Ghirardelli's Cocoa, and every customer is a satisfied one. If all these people were together in one place and all uttered simultaneously the words

Ghirardelli's Cocoa

it would make a noise that would tax the ablest mathematician to estimate. This San Francisco product is the acme of purity and deliciousness. It is also economical. Costs less than a cent a cup. Why not try it?

D. GHIRARDELLI CO.

San Francisco

Since 1852

With the appearance of this series of "Interesting Information" advertising in the hope that in addition to other advertising to our product, it will be a source of interest to all who read it. There isn't any. We are simply adopting this form of present.

You Can Save Money

On Your Shoes If You Buy SAMPLE SHOES

\$2.50

We have supplied hundreds of pairs to Fresno people—regular \$3.50 to \$5.00 grades for \$2.50. Choose now from the correct fall styles for both men and women.

Sample Shoe Shop

1942 Tulare Street

Edgerly Bldg.

Third Floor

Take Elevator

TWO LEGS BROKEN IN COLLISION WITH AUTO

**Fowler Lad Riding Bike Is
Hit by Fresno Autoist;
Church Dedication**

POWELL, Oct. 11.—The young son of James Thompson, a rancher living north of town, was badly injured in a collision with an automobile last night. The boy, who is 14 years of age, was driven by Mr. Hanger of the Earl Fruit company. Just as young Thompson was riding his bicycle around a load of hay, the auto came upon him, and he had no time to get out of the way. The car struck the boy with a terrific crash, and when the boy was picked up, it was found that both legs had been broken, and his head was badly bruised in numerous places. The lad was removed to his home, where the injuries are being treated. The young man, named Ned Murray, working for one of the packing companies, was arrested by officers yesterday for giving liquor to minors. He was brought into court this morning and pleaded guilty and was fined \$25.

The magnificent new United Presbyterian church is about completed and will be ready for the dedication ceremony on Sunday morning. Organ plans have been laid for the service and the pastor, Rev. A. H. Baldinger, has secured many speakers of statewide reputation to take part. A large choir will render special music under the direction of John W. James.

MAD DOG STIRS UP THINGS IN SANGER

THINGS IN SANGER
Bites Several Other Dogs, Chases Wo
man Upstairs; Man Shot in Arm by

One of Pursuers; News Notes
SANGER, Oct. 11.—A chase after

a mail dog nearly resulted fatally for one of the participants today. A mail dog ran down Seventh street and attacked every dog which it met, chased a woman upstairs. Turning and retracing its course a number of men engaged in a fusillade of shots in a

effort to kill it, but failed. Finally the animal was dispatched with a rifle shot by Jess Woodward. During the shooting a man who was standing on the corner of S-tenth and M received one of the bullets in his arm which was intended for the dog, but fortunately it only grazed the flesh. The head

Several parties of workmen are engaged in removing the old cement walks on Seventh street at the Royal block, and the board walks on the opposite have already been torn up.

Material is being put on the ground for laying the new cement walks.

Special interest is attached to the coming of J. Ellingwood Jay, the state lecturer, who is to speak at the Y. M. C. A. hall on Monday evening.

One of the most delightful concerts ever presented here will be given at the opera house tomorrow evening under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A.

J. S. Cato, Socialist candidate for Congress, will give a campaign speech at the W. C. T. U. auditorium Monday evening.

**BRYANT WILL FLY
PORTERVILLE DA**

PORTERVILLE, Oct. 11.—The finance committee of "Porterville Day" has raised funds with which to hire a band for Frank Bryant of San Francisco.

in less than an hour of work today. This will be one of the big features of the "Porterville Day" celebration, the appearance of the man who was first to cross San Francisco Bay. This is to be but one of the many features of the celebration which is to be held here.

Other free attractions for the occasion are team pulling contests, for the pet teams of the ranchers; races, auto and motorcycle; pushmobile con-

for the boys: field sports; pigeon shooting, between various clubs; football games, a minstrel show in the evening, and a big industrial parade. In fact the program will be a continuous one from 3 a. m. until midnight as the minstrel show in

evening will close with a big
dance.

o Your Part?

DAY
per 21st.

City Stables.

ABLES

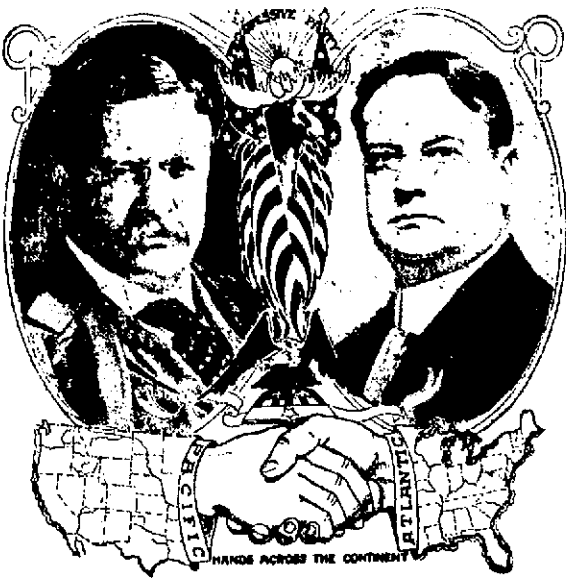
Hygienic
Y
ad Street

s Piles or \$50 Pa
NO Cocaine, NO Lead, NO Ergot.

in above named injurious CONSTITUTIONAL
Modern "Drugsists of Highest Spand"
Inc., K. and Mariposa Streets.

1. *Chlorophyll a* and *Chlorophyll b* were determined by the method of Arar and Collins (1971) using a Shimadzu 1601 UV-Visible Spectrophotometer.

PLATFORM OF NATIONAL PROGRESSIVE PARTY



THE PLATFORM

The Progressive platform is the party's "covenant with the people." It announces a great program of social and industrial justice, and for the first time in the country's history makes a serious effort to include the family and its needs in the province of governmental protection. The chief features are these:

Legislation on industrial questions, including fixing standards of labor, and protection of home life against hazards of sickness, irregular employment and old age through a system of social insurance.

Regulation of big business through a commission like the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Rule of the people through initiative, referendum, recall, direct election of senators, direct primaries, etc.

Development of country life.

Recall of judicial decisions.

Physical valuation of railroads.

Use of Panama Canal plant to make inland waterways.

Tariff revision in interest of wage worker and consumer.

Supervision over investments.

Equal suffrage.

Inheritance and income taxes.

Easier method of amending constitution.

Following is the full text of the Progressive party platform:

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES

The conscience of the people, in a time of grave national problems, has called into being a new party, born of the Nation's awakened sense of justice.

We of the Progressive party here declare ourselves to the fulfillment of the duty laid upon us by our fathers to maintain that government of the people, by the people, and for the people, which our fathers founded.

We hold with Thomas Jefferson and Abraham Lincoln that the people are the masters of their constitution, to fulfill its purposes, and to safeguard it from those who, by perversion of its intent, would convert it into an instrument of injustice. In accordance with the needs of each generation the people must use their sovereign powers to establish and maintain equal opportunity and industrial justice, to secure which this government was founded and without which no republic can exist.

This country belongs to the people who inhabit it. Its resources, its business, its institutions and its laws should be utilized, maintained or altered in whatever manner will best promote the general interest, and in that way set the people free in the first place.

THE OLD PARTIES.

Political parties exist to secure responsible government and to execute the will of the people. From these great tasks both of the old parties have turned aside. Instead of striving to promote the general welfare, they have become the tools of corrupt interests which use them impartially to serve their selfish purposes. Behind the ostensible government sits enthroned an invisible government, owing no allegiance and acknowledging no responsibility to the people. To destroy this invisible government, to disavow the unholy alliance between corrupt business and corrupt politics is the first task of the statesmanship of the day.

The deliberate betrayal of its trust by the Republican party, the incapacity of the Democratic party to deal with the new issues of the new time, have compelled the people to forge a new instrument of government through which to give effect to their will in laws and institutions.

Unhindered by tradition, uncorrupted by power, undismayed by the magnitude of the task, the new party offers itself as the instrument of the people to sweep away old abuses, build a new and nobler commonwealth, and secure a new and nobler commonwealth.

A COVENANT WITH THE PEOPLE.

This declaration is our covenant with the people, and we hereby bind the party and its candidates in state and nation to the pledges made here in.

THE RULE OF THE PEOPLE.

The national Progressive party, committed to the principle of government by a self-controlled democracy expressing its will through representatives of the people, pledges itself to secure such alterations in the fundamental law of the several states and of the United States as shall insure the representative character of the government.

In particular, the party declares for direct primaries for the nomination of state and national officers, for nationwide preferential primaries for candidates for the presidency, for the direct election of United States senators by the people; and we urge on the states the policy of the short ballot with recall, initiative, referendum, equal suffrage, secured by the initiative, referendum and recall.

AMENDMENT OF CONSTITUTION.

The Progressive party, believing that a free people should have the power from time to time to amend their fundamental law so as to adapt it progressively to the changing needs of the people, pledges itself to provide a more easy and expeditious method of amending the federal constitution.

NATION AND STATE.

Up to the limit of the constitution and later by amendment of the constitution, if found necessary, we advocate bringing under effective national jurisdiction those problems which have expanded beyond the

reach of the individual states. It is as grotesque as it is intolerable that the several states should by unequal laws in matters of common concern become competing commercial agencies, barter the lives of their children, the health of their women and the safety and well-being of their working people for the profit of their financial interests.

The extreme insistence on states' rights by the Democratic party in the Baltimore platform demonstrates a lack of understanding of the world into which it has survived, or to administer the affairs of a union of states which have in all essential respects become one people.

EQUAL SUFFRAGE. The Progressive party, believing that no people can justly claim to be a true democracy, which denies political rights on account of sex, pledges itself to the task of securing equal suffrage to men and women alike.

CONSPIRACY PRACTICES. We pledge our party to legislation that will compel strict limitation of all campaign contributions and expenditures, and detailed publicity of both before as well as after primaries and elections.

PUBLICITY AND PUBLIC SERVICE.

We pledge our party to legislation compelling the registration of lobbyists, publicity of committee hearings except on foreign affairs, and recording of all votes in committee; and forbidding federal appointments from holding office in state or national political organizations, or taking part as officers or delegates in political conventions for the nomination of elective state or national officials.

THE COURTS.

The Progressive party demands such restriction of the power of the courts as shall leave to the people the ultimate authority to determine fundamental questions of social welfare and public policy.

To secure this end, it pledges itself to provide:

1. That when an act, passed under the policy power of the state, is held unconstitutional under the state constitution by the courts, the people, after an ample interval for deliberation, shall have an opportunity to vote on the question whether they desire the act to become law, notwithstanding such decision.

2. That every decision of the highest appellate court of a state declaring an act of the legislature unconstitutional on the ground of its violation of the federal constitution, shall be subject to the same review by the Supreme Court of the United States as is now accorded to decisions sustaining such legislation.

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE. The Progressive party, in order to secure to the people a better administration of justice, and by that means to bring about a more general respect for the law and the courts, pledges itself to work unceasingly for the reform of legal procedure and judicial methods.

We believe that the issuance of injunctions in cases arising out of labor disputes should be prohibited when such injunctions would not apply when no labor dispute exists, except for contempt in labor disputes, except when such contempt was committed in the actual presence of the court or so near there as to interfere with the proper administration of justice; should have no right to trial by jury.

SOCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL JUSTICE.

The supreme duty of the Nation is the conservation of human resources through an enlarged measure of social and industrial justice. We pledge ourselves to work unceasingly in that direction for:

1. Effective legislation looking to the prevention of industrial accidents, occupational diseases, overwork, involuntary unemployment and other injurious effects incident to modern industry.

2. The fixing of minimum safety and health standards for the various occupations, and the exercise of the public authority on state and nation, including the federal control over interstate commerce, and the taxing power, to maintain such standards.

3. The prohibition of child labor.
4. Minimum wage standards for working women, to provide a "living wage" in all industrial occupations.

5. The general prohibition of night work for women, and the establishment of an 8-hour day for women and young persons.
6. One day's rest in seven for all wage workers.

7. The 8-hour day in continuous 24-hour industries.
8. The abolition of the convict contract labor system.

9. Substituting a system of prison production for governmental consumption only; and the application of prisoners' earnings to the support of their dependent families.
10. Publicity as to wages, hours and conditions of labor; full reports upon industrial accidents and diseases and the opening to public inspection of all tallies, weights, measures and check systems.

11. Standard of compensation for death by industrial accident and injury and trade diseases which will transfer the burden of lost earnings from the family of working people to the industry and thus to the community.

12. The guarding of home life against the hazards of sickness, irregular employment and old age through the adoption of a system of social insurance developed to American use.

13. The development of the creative labor power of America by lifting the last load of illiteracy from American

DECLARATION ADOPTED IN CONVENTION AT CHICAGO, ON AUGUST 6 THIS YEAR

youth and establishing continuation schools for industrial education under public control, and encouraging agricultural education and demonstration in rural schools.

The establishment of industrial research laboratories to put the methods and discoveries of science at the service of American production.

We favor the organization of the workers, men and women, as a means of protecting their interests and of promoting their progress.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR. We pledge our party to establish a department of labor with a seat in the cabinet, and with wide jurisdiction over matters affecting the conditions of labor and living.

COUNTRY LIFE.

The development and prosperity of country life are as important to the people who live in the cities as they are to the farmers. Increase of the prosperity on the farm will favorably affect the cost of living, and promote the interests of all who dwell in the country, and all who depend upon its products for clothing, shelter and food.

We pledge our party to foster the development of agricultural credit and operation, the teaching of agriculture in rural schools, the extension of the use of mechanical power on the farm, and to re-establish the country life commission, thus directly promoting the welfare of the farmers, and bringing the benefits of better living within their grasp.

HIGH COST OF LIVING.

The high cost of living is due partly to world-wide and partly to local causes, partly to natural and partly to artificial causes. The measures proposed in this platform on various subjects such as the tariff, the trusts and conservation, will of themselves remove the artificial causes. There will remain other elements such as the tendency to leave the country for the city, waste, extravagance, bad system of taxation, poor methods of raising crops and bad business methods in marketing crops.

To remedy these conditions requires the fullest information, and based on this information, effective government supervision and control to remove all the artificial causes. We pledge ourselves to such full and immediate inquiry and to immediate action to deal with every need such inquiry discloses.

HEALTH.

We favor the union of all the existing agencies of the federal government dealing with the public health into a single national health service, without discrimination against or for any one sex, race, religion, or political belief, and a school of health with coordinating powers as may be necessary to enable it to perform efficiently such duties in the protection of the public from preventable disease as may be properly undertaken by the federal authorities, including the enforcement of existing laws regarding pure food, quarantine and cognate subjects; the promotion of appropriate action for the improvement of vital statistics, and the extension of the registration area of such statistics.

We believe that true popular government, justice and prosperity go hand in hand, and that the best method of securing such large measure of general prosperity which is the fruit of legitimate and honest business, fostered by equal justice and by sound progressive laws.

We demand that the test of true prosperity shall be the benefits conferred thereby on all citizens, not confined to individuals or classes, and that the test of corporate efficiency shall be the ability better to serve the public, that those who profit by the control of the business shall be placed with the public the fruits thereof.

We therefore demand a strong national regulation of interstate corporations. The corporation is an essential part of modern business. Its concentration of power in the hands of a few men, its enormous resources, its power over the daily life of the citizen—a power unsufferable in a free government and certain of abuse.

This power has been abused in monopoly of national resources, in stock trading, in unfair competition and in unfair privileges, and finally in sinister influences on the public institutions of state and nation. We do not fear commercial power, we fear that it shall be exercised openly, under public supervision and regulation of the most efficient sort, which will preserve its good while eradicating and preventing its evil.

To that end we urge the establishment of a strong federal administrative commission of high standing, which shall maintain permanent active supervision over industrial corporations engaged in interstate commerce, or such of them as are of public importance, doing for them what the government now does for the national banks, and what is now done for the railroads by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Such a commission must enforce the complete publicity of those corporate transactions which are of public interest; must attack unfair competition, must equalize and special privilege, and by continuous trained watchfulness guard and keep open equally to all the highways of American commerce.

Under such a system of constructive legislation, legitimate business, freed from confusion, uncertainty and fruitless litigation will develop normally in response to the energy and enterprise of the American business man.

PATENTS. We pledge ourselves to the enactment of a patent law which will make it impossible for patents to be suppressed or used against the public welfare in the interests of injurious monopolies.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION. We pledge our party to secure to the Interstate Commerce Commission, the power to value the physical property of railroads. In order that the power of the commission to protect the people may not be impaired or defeated, we demand the abolition of the interstate commerce court.

CURRENCY.

We believe there exists imperative need for prompt legislation for the improvement of our national currency system. We believe the present method of issuing currency through private agencies is a harmful and unscientific. The issue of currency is fundamentally a government function and the system should have as basic principles soundness and elasticity. The control should be lodged with the government and should be protected from domination or manipulation by Wall Street or any special interests.

We are opposed to the so-called Aldrich Currency Bill because its provisions would place our currency and credit system in private hands, not subject to the nation's public control.

COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT. The time has come when the federal government should co-operate with manufacturers and producers in extending their foreign commerce. To this end we demand adequate appropriations by Congress, and the appointment of diplomatic and consular officers, solid with a clear special fitness and worth, and not in consideration of political expediency.

It is imperative to the welfare of our people that we enlarge and extend our foreign commerce. We are presently fitted to do this, because we have developed high skill in the art of manufacturing; our business men are strong executives, strong organizers. In every way possible our federal government should co-operate in this important matter.

Anyone who has had opportunity to study the course in this respect must realize that their policy of co-operation between government and business has in comparatively few years made them a leading competitor for the commerce of the world.

It should be remembered that they are doing this on a national scale and with large units of business, while the Democrats would have us believe that we should do it with small units of business, which would be controlled not by the nation's public control, but by forty-nine conflicting state sovereignties. Such a policy is utterly out of keeping with the progress of the times and gives our great commercial rivals in Europe—hungry for international markets—golden opportunities which they are rapidly taking advantage of.

CONSERVATION. The natural resources of the nation must be promptly developed and generously used to supply the people's needs, but we cannot safely allow them to be wasted, exploited, monopolized or controlled against the general good. We heartily favor the policy of conservation and we pledge our party to protect the national forests from hindering their legitimate use for the benefit of all the people. Agricultural lands in the national forests are and should remain open to the genuine settlement and development. The honest settler must receive his patent promptly without hindrance, rules or delay.

We believe that the remaining forests, coal and oil lands, water powers and other natural resources, except agricultural lands, are more likely to be wisely conserved and utilized for the general welfare if held in the public hands. In order that consumers and producers, managers and workmen, may have equal access to the power and raw material, we demand that such resources shall be retained by the state or nation and opened to immediate use under laws which will encourage development and make to the people a moderate return for benefits conferred.

In particular, we pledge our party to require reasonable compensation to the public for water power rights hereafter granted by the public. We pledge legislation to lease water power rights on equitable terms, and to provide for the production of food for the people and thoroughly safeguard the rights of the actual home-maker.

NATIONAL RESOURCES WHOSE CONSERVATION IS NECESSARY FOR THE NATION. We recognize the vital importance of good roads and we pledge our party to foster their extension in every proper way, and to the early construction of national highways. We also favor the extension of the rural free delivery service.

ALASKA. The coal and other natural resources of Alaska should be opened to development at once. They are owned by the people of the United States, and are safe from monopoly, waste and destruction only while so owned.

We demand that they shall neither be sold nor given away except under the Homestead laws, but shall be held in the national ownership shall be opened to use promptly upon liberal terms requiring immediate development.

Thus the benefit of cheap fuel will accrue to the government of the United States and to the people of Alaska and the Pacific Coast; the settlement of extensive agricultural lands will be hastened; the extermination of the salmon will be prevented, and the just and wise development of Alaskan resources will take place.

We demand also that extortion or monopoly in transportation shall be prevented by the prompt acquisition, construction or improvement by the government of such railroads, harbors and other facilities for transportation as the welfare of the people may demand.

We promise the people of the territory of Alaska the same measure of local self government that was given to other American territories, and that federal officials appointed there shall be qualified by previous bona fide residence in the territory.

WATERWAYS. The rivers of the United States are the natural arteries of this continent. We demand that they shall be opened to traffic as an indispensable part of a great nationwide system of transportation in which the Panama Canal will be the central line, thus enabling the whole interior of the United States to share with the Atlantic and Pacific seaboard in the benefit derived from the canal.

It is a national obligation to develop our rivers, and especially the Mississippi and its tributaries, without delay, under a comprehensive general plan covering each river system from its source to its mouth, designed to secure its highest usefulness for navigation, irrigation, domestic supply and the prevention of floods.

We pledge our party to the immediate preparation of such a plan, which should be made and carried out in a wise and friendly co-operation between the nation, the states and the cities affected. Under such a plan, the destructive floods of the Mississippi and other streams which represent a great and increasing loss to the nation, would be controlled by forest conservation and water storage at the head waters, and by levees below, land sufficient to support millions of people would be reclaimed from the present wastes of the swamps, and water would be controlled by the industrial standings of whole states would be developed.

Adequate water terminals would be provided, transportation by river would be revived and the railroad would be compelled to co-operate as freely with the waterways as it does with the highways. A high standard of safety would be maintained in the construction of the Panama Canal, and the Gulf deep waterway and other portions of this great work, and should be utilized by the nation in the transportation of its various states at the lowest net cost to the people.

PANAMA CANAL. The Panama Canal, built and paid for by the American people, must be used primarily for their benefit. We demand that the canal shall be so operated as to break the transportation monopoly now held and abused by the transcontinental railroads by maintaining free competition with them, that ships directly or indirectly owned or controlled by American railroad corporations shall not be permitted to use the canal, and that American ships engaged in coastwise trade shall have no tolls.

The Progressive party shall favor legislation having for its aim the development of friendship and commerce between the United States and Latin American nations.

THE TARIFF. We believe in a protective tariff which shall equalize conditions of competition between the United States and foreign countries. A high tariff for the farmer and the manufacturer, and which shall maintain for labor an adequate standard of living.

Primarily the benefit of any tariff should be disclosed in the pay envelope of the laborer. We declare that no industry deserves protection which is unfair to labor or which is operating in violation of federal law. We believe that the presumption is always in favor of the consuming public.

We demand tariff revision because the present tariff is unjust to the people of the United States. Fair dealing toward the people requires an immediate downward revision of those schedules wherein duties are shown to be unjust or excessive.

We pledge ourselves to the establishment of a nonpartisan scientific tariff commission, reporting both to the President and to either branch of Congress, which shall report first as to the costs of production, efficiency of labor, capitalization, industrial organization and efficiency, and the general competitive position in this country and abroad of industries seeking protection from Congress; second, as to the revenue producing power of the tariff and its relation to the resources of government; and, third, as to the effect of the tariff on prices, operations of middle men, and on the purchasing power of the consumer.

We believe that this commission should have plenary powers to elicit information and for this purpose to prescribe a uniform system of accounting for the great protected industries. The tariff commission shall have power to prevent the immediate adoption of acts reducing the schedules generally recognized as excessive.

We condemn the Payne-Aldrich Bill as unjust to the people. The Republican organization is in the hands of a few men, and we believe that it is not again to be trusted to keep the promise of necessary downward revision.

The Democratic party is committed to the destruction of the protective system through a tariff for revenue only—a policy which would inevitably produce widespread industrial and commercial disaster. We demand the immediate repeal of the Canadian Reciprocity Act.

INHERITANCE AND INCOME TAX. We believe in a graduated inheritance tax, and a national means of equalizing the obligations of holders of property to government, and we hereby pledge our party to enact such a federal law as will tax large inheritances, returning to the states an equitable percentage of all amounts collected. We favor the ratification of the pending amendment to the constitution giving the government power to levy an income tax.

PEACE AND NATIONAL DEFENSE. The Progressive party deplores the current system of warfare among nations, with its enormous waste of resources even in time of peace and the consequent impoverishment of the life of the tolling masses. We pledge the party to use its best endeavor to substitute justice and other peaceful means of settling international differences.

We favor an international agreement for the limitation of naval forces. Pending such an agreement and as the best means of conserving peace, we pledge ourselves to maintain for the present the policy of building two battleships a year.

TREATY RIGHTS. We pledge our party to protect the rights of American citizenship at home and abroad. No treaty should receive the sanction of our government which discriminates between American citizens, because of birthplace, race or religion, or that does not recognize the absolute right of expatriation.

THE IMMIGRANT. Through the establishment of industrial standards we propose to secure to the able-bodied immigrant and to his native fellow workers a larger share of American opportunity.

We denounce the fatal policy of indifference and neglect which has left our enormous immigrant population to become the prey of chance and cupidly. We favor government action to encourage the distribution of immigrants away from the congested cities, to rigidly supervise all private agencies dealing with them and to promote their assimilation, education and advancement.

PENALTIES. We pledge ourselves to a wise and just policy of pensioning American soldiers and sailors and their widows and children by the federal government. And we support States in granting pensions to the ex-Confederate soldiers and sailors and their widows and children.

PARCELS POST. We pledge our party to the immediate preparation of such a plan, which

ROOSEVELT'S PLEDGE TO THE PEOPLE

Colonel Roosevelt, in his speech of acceptance, said: "Mr. Chairman, men and women who in this convention represent the high and honest purpose of the people of all our country, I come forward to thank you from my heart for the honor you have conferred upon me and to say that of course I accept."

"I have been President and I measure my words when I say I have seen and know much of life. I hold it by far the greatest honor and the greatest opportunity that has ever come to me to be called by you to the leadership for the time being of this great movement in the interests of the American people."

"And friends, I wish now to say how deeply sensitive I am to the way in which the nomination has come to me, and to tell those who proposed and seconded my nomination that I appreciate to the full the significance of having such men and such a woman put me in nomination, and I wish to thank the convention for having given me the running mate it has given."

"I have a peculiar feeling toward Governor Johnson. Nearly two years ago, after the elections of 1910, when what I had striven to accomplish in New York had come to nothing, and when my friends, the enemy, exulted—possibly prematurely—over what had befallen me, Governor Johnson, in the flush of his own triumph, having just won out, wrote me a letter which I shall hand on to my children and children's children because of what the letter contained, and because of the man who wrote it; a letter of trust and belief, a letter of ardent championship from the soldier who was at the moment victorious toward his comrade who at the moment had been struck down."

"In Governor Johnson we have a man whose every word is made good by the deeds that he has done. The man who, as the head of a great state, has practically applied in that state for the benefit of the people of that state the principles which we intend to apply throughout the Union as a whole. We have nominated the only type of man who ever ought to be nominated for the vice-presidency; we have nominated a man fit at the moment to be President of the United States."

"Friends, I have come here merely to thank you from the bottom of my heart for the honor you have conferred upon me, and to say that I appreciate it exactly as I know you meant it. For the greatest chance, the greatest gift that can be given to any man is the opportunity, if he has the stuff in him, to do something that counts in the interest of the common good."

"I appreciate to the full the burden of responsibility, the burden of obligation that you have put upon me. I appreciate to the full that the trust you impose upon me can be met by me only in one way, and that is by so carrying myself that you shall have no cause to regret or to feel shame for the action you have taken this afternoon."

"And, friends, with all my heart and soul, with every particle of high purpose that there is in me, I pledge you my word to do everything I can, to put every particle of courage, of common sense and of strength that I have, at your disposal, and to endeavor, so far as strength is given me, to live up to the obligations you have put upon me, and to endeavor to carry out in the interests of our whole people the policies to which you have today solemnly dedicated yourselves to the millions of men and women for whom you speak. I thank you."

diase creation of a parcels post with efficiency of the government service, prevent duplications and secure better results to the taxpayers for every dollar expended.

CIVIL SERVICE. We condemn the violations of the Civil Service Law under the present administration, including the coercion and assessment of subordinate employees, and the President's refusal to punish such violations when a finding of guilt by his own commission, his officers or congressmen, when withholding it from those who refuse support of administration measures; his withdrawal of nominations from his offices, and his open use of himself was secured, and his open use of his nomination.

To eradicate these abuses we demand not only the enforcement of the Civil Service act in letter and spirit, but also legislation which will bring under the competitive system postmaster collectors, marshals, and all non-political officers, as well as the enactment of an equitable retirement law, and we also insist upon continuous service during good behavior and efficiency.

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS ORGANIZATION. We pledge our party to readjustment of the business methods of the national government and a proper coordination of the federal bureaus and

which will increase the economy and efficiency of the government service, prevent duplications and secure better results to the taxpayers for every dollar expended.

SUPERVISION OF INVESTMENTS. The people of the United States are swamped out of many millions of dollars every year through worthless investments. The plain people, the wage earner and the men and women with small savings have no way of knowing the merit of concerns sending out highly colored prospectuses that make big returns seem certain and fortunes easily within grasp.

We hold it to be the duty of the government to protect its people from this kind of piracy. We, therefore, demand wise, careful thought out legislation that will give us such governmental supervision over this matter as will furnish to the people of the United States this much needed protection, and we pledge ourselves thereto.

CONCLUSION. On these principles and on the recognized desirability of uniting the progressive forces of the nation into an organization which shall unequivocally represent the Progressive spirit and policy, we appeal for the support of all American citizens without regard to previous political affiliations.



The Test of Time Tells

THERE'S a lot of human nature about Filing Cabinets. Generally speaking, they all look alike (that is pretty nearly)—nice finish and trimmings on the outside. But a filing cabinet is a piece of furniture designed TO SERVE YOU years without number—and the real question is: "What KIND of service is it going to give me five years from now?"

Ask yourself that, when you are selecting filing equipment.

And if you study the matter carefully, you will surely select cabinets bearing the "Y and E" trademark. For "Y and E" Filing Cabinets are recognized everywhere as the VERY HIGHEST TYPE of strong, simple, clever construction, combining with most durable and lasting finish, PLUS the simplest Filing Methods.

We want to mail you a complete "Y and E" Cabinet Catalog—it will tell you far more than we have room to do here.

FRESNO REPUBLICAN JOB DEPARTMENT.

Phone 220. Republican Bldg.

"Smoky Joe" Wood Again Baffles the Giants

RED SOX WIN WITH "SMOKY JOE" WOOD IN BOX; TESREAU AND AMES PITCH FOR NEW YORK CLUB

Premier Heaver of Boston Americans Has Terrific Speed in the First Inning and Blinding Speed in the Ninth; Gardner Hits Ball Hard and Timely and Wagner Stars in Fielding Department

RED SOX, 3; GIANTS, 1.
NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—The Boston Americans were victors today over the New York National League champions by a score of 3 to 1, in the fourth game of the world's series. The Red Sox have won two games and the Giants one, the second contest having ended in a tie.

Some 4,000 persons, jammed in the confines of the great stadium, saw first-class baseball in a contest that thrilled in its true form and the nervousness showed in the early course was not overdone.

"Smoky Joe" Wood, shone today. The Red Sox players fairly hugged their star pitcher as he walked from the box after the victory over New York for the first time. Gray clouds screened the sun and Pitches were scattered all over the field.

Only once was a Giant able to gauge the Boston pitcher for a hit when a hit meant a run. Wood stood on the pitcher's mound with a pile of sweat-soaked shirts.

Without a flaw, not one man having passed, while eight Giants walked to the plate and then walked back, some after vainly trying to solve the riddle of the Boston pitcher's mysterious drop balls and fast in-shoots.

"How can we hit what we can't see?" asked "Red" Murray, when he walked to the bench after fanning for the second time.

Wood was only in doubt in two innings in the sixth and again in the seventh, when the home club's only run came over the plate. The sixth showed Wood at his best. Tesreau hit a hit to left and Devore followed a drive off Wood's ankle for a base hit.

JOE WOOD IS COOL.
The stands were wild with excitement and tried to rattle the Boston pitcher, but Wood was as cool as an iceberg. He caused Larry Doyle to pop out, and then Ted Snodgrass and Murray on getting breaking down spoils, making those Giant batters weak rollers to the Red Sox infield.

Boston broke into the run column in the second, when Gardner tripled and scored on Tesreau's wild heave of a moist ball. The second run came in the fourth when Stahl reached first on a forced hit, while second, went to third on an infield out and home on Cady's drive. Boston made its third run in the ninth. Gardner singled, was sacrificed to second by Stahl, took third on an infield out and tallied on Joe Wood's single.

The Giants only run was scored in the seventh by Herzog on his own single to center and Fletcher's two-bagger to right field.

CAPT. WAGNER STARS.
A New York boy broke the hearts of the Giant partisans. He is Heinie Wagner, who played today robbed the Giants of three hits. Two of his stops of squashes over the second base were made with one hand on the dead run. Then half turning, he snapped his throws to first base and caught the runner.

With one run needed to tie in the eighth, Devore sent a grounder past Wood. Thousands cheered as the ball sped by second base, for a hit meant a good start for a final rally. Wagner raced over the bag, scooped the ball with his gloved hand and snatched the hit without recovering his balance. The flat-footed Devore was out by inches.

Yerkes and Fletcher starred in fielding honors, while Murray robbed

Hooper of a three base hit at the beginning of the first.

Tesreau did not get into his pitching stride until the Red Sox had made two runs. After that, he tightened up and in the fifth, sixth and seventh innings, turned the Boston back in one, two, three order. The great ball flinger was taken out only to allow a pinch hitter to bat for him.

There were thirteen strike-outs during the game. For Boston, Cady struck out twice and Lewis, Stahl and Wagner once each. On the New York side, Murray and Merkle were fanned twice and Devore, Meyers and Tesreau went out once each by the strike-out route.

WINNERS GET \$4,000 EACH.
With today's game, the players' share in the world's series went up. The four games played netted them \$147,672.28, breaking the record established by the New York and Philadelphia clubs last year, when the players' share amounted to \$127,910.31.

The winning players this year will receive \$38,543.37 and the losers \$39,028.90. Individually each of the players is due to receive about \$4,000 and the losers about \$2,500.

There were no preliminaries to the game today, and Umpire Rigler called "play ball" one minute after the scheduled hour, 2 o'clock. The air was heavy with moisture and the playing field was sodden from the rain last night.

TESREAU IS CHEERED.
"Bib" Jeff" Tesreau was given a rousing cheer as he went to the pitcher's box and shot four fast balls as a warm up into the big mitt of "Chief" Meyers. The pitch he sent down to Hooper, who led off the Bostonians, was a strike, waist high, that cut the plate and the crowd cheered as Rigler threw up his right hand.

Then followed a ball, and Hooper picked out the next one as just what he wanted and swished a grass cutter over second base. The ball shot off Hooper's bat so fast that Tesreau barely had time to avoid it hitting his leg. Yerkes bunted in front of the plate and Meyers failed to head off the flying Hooper at second. The ball bounded to short center field, but Hooper was held at second. With one out and two on the paths, it looked like a Boston score, but Speaker hit a grounder to Fletcher who, after touching second base, forcing out Yerkes, threw to Merkle before Speaker could reach the bag. It was a fast double play, and Fletcher was given a hand for his part in cutting down the two Boston men. Lewis was out on a grounder, Fletcher to Merkle, ending the inning and the Giants' shortstop had won back for himself support he poor showing in the tie game at Boston had lost him.

The first two men were easy outs. Snodgrass took a long lead off first after singling, and was caught napping on Wood's throw in the first half for the third out. In the second inning Gardner hit the fence at third base, Stahl reached first on a sacrifice fly, but was saved the trouble, as Tesreau let loose a wild pitch that struck near the home plate and bounded past Meyers, Gardner racing home with Boston's first run. Stahl sent up a high fly to Doyle and Wagner put out Cady's drive.

For the Giants in the second Murray fanned. Merkle singled to right and outstayed Wood by making a clean steal of second on the second pitched ball. Merkle took second on Herzog's out, Yerkes to Stahl, and

Stahl to Lewis. The Red Sox were left there as Meyers lined out a fly to Lewis.

JOE WOOD HITS BALL.
Pitcher Wood made his first hit in the third, a single to right field. Hooper, who had four bad balls placing Wood on second, Wood was then forced out by Yerkes, Tesreau to Herzog, Hooper taking second on the play. Hooper went to third on Speaker's out, Doyle to Merkle, and Lewis left anchored there, by going out, Fletcher to Merkle.

The Giants went out in order in their half of the third inning. Fletcher put one of Wood's fast balls on the ground in front of pitching box and the Red Sox moundmen tossed him out at first.

Tesreau's second and last pass to Boston was issued in the fourth inning. Gardner, getting to first, Stahl sacrificed him at second, Tesreau to Fletcher, trying to "bunt." Manager Stahl stole second, Meyers throw being wild. Wagner went out to Merkle unassisted and Stahl took third. Catcher Cady then came to time and shot a hot drive to Fletcher, which he barely batted down and could not get in time to beat the Boston catcher to first. Stahl scored on the single. Wood filed to Murray.

In New York's fourth inning Yerkes made one of the prettiest pickups of the series. He ran far into the infield to get Doyle's slow grounder and tossed the batter out without passing it. Snodgrass and Murray could not see Wood's fast in-shoots and were turned away from the plate as strike out victims, ending the inning.

It was in Boston's fifth that Murray made one of the striking plays of the game. He played deep for Hooper, but not deep enough, and he dropped the ball toward the fence to get under the Boston man's terrific hit. It looked good for three bases, but Murray put up his gloved hand and pulled down the ball.

MEYERS THROWS GOOD.
Yerkes singled to left but was forced at second when Speaker sent a grounder. Herzog, who threw to second, Speaker tried to steal, but was flagged by Meyers' accurate rifle shot throw to Doyle.

Merkle led for the Giants in the fifth and went out, Wagner to Stahl. Herzog here got in the first of his two hits, a single to right field. Meyers swung at three pitched balls and sent down Fletcher for a hit over second that Wagner got up to by fast sprinting and while still off his feet Stahl an instant ahead of the runner. It was a brilliant piece of fielding.

Tesreau was now over his nervousness and was pitching fine ball in the sixth inning. Snodgrass went out and Gardner sent up a foul which Herzog gathered in, Stahl struck out.

New York had a good chance to score in the sixth, but Wood's heady pitching and brilliant support behind him prevented a score. Tesreau singled to left field, Devore hit a hot one to right and Wood and the ball bounded over the foul line between the home plate and first base, Tesreau stopping at second. Doyle sent up a high fly to Yerkes and neither runner was able to advance. Snodgrass forced Devore at second, Yerkes to Wagner, Tesreau going to third. Murray forced Snodgrass, singling a hard grounder at second, which was tossed to Wagner.

TESREAU LEAVES GAME.
In the seventh inning, Tesreau was still going well, striking out both Wagner and Cady. Wood sent a long fly to Murray. It was Tesreau's last appearance in the game as McGraw put McCormick in to bat for him in New York's half.

Merkle struck out in the seventh. Herzog drove one past Wagner that Heinie could not reach. It was a single. Meyers put a high fly to Speaker. Fletcher hit a two bagger to right, scoring Herzog with New York's only run. McCormick batting for Tesreau sent a slow grounder to Yerkes and in attempting to score on the hit, Fletcher was thrown out, Yerkes to Cady, ending the inning.

Ames went into pitch for New York in the eighth. Hooper sent up a fly that Fletcher gathered in and Yerkes hit to Fletcher who threw the ball over his head. Speaker sent a two base hit right out to left field but he was left at second when Lewis was thrown out. Fletcher to Merkle for New York in the eighth inning. Wagner robbed Devore of a single by running to the other side of second base and scooping up his fast grounder, throwing him out by a narrow margin. Doyle put up a short high fly to Hooper.

WAGNER SHOWS CLASS.
Wagner after making several difficult stops and throws fell down before an "easy" grounder. This misplay gave New York courage and the crowd yelled to Murray for a long hit. Murray tried to accommodate them, but the ball he could do was to single over shortstop on the hit and run play. Snodgrass going to second. Merkle closed the inning by striking out.

The Red Sox put together another run in the ninth. Gardner got behind him, a single to center field and went to second on Stahl's sacrifice. Ames to Merkle, Wagner received a base on balls and a moment later was forced at second by Cady. Fletcher and Doyle, Gardner taking third. Wood drove a single to right and Gardner scored, Cady going to third. Hooper filed to Snodgrass.

New York went out in order in the ninth. Hooper put up a high fly to Speaker. Meyers hit a high fly that Cady took care of and Fletcher sent a pop fly to Stahl.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—The National Commission's figures for attendance and receipts at today's game were: Paid attendance 36,502; total receipts \$76,644; national commissions share \$7,664.40; players' share \$41,387.76; each club's share \$13,795.92.

FIRST INNING.
First half—Hooper singled over second and after hitting three balls and two strikes called on him. Yerkes bunted the ball and Meyers picked it up and threw wildly over second, trying to catch Hooper. Hooper was held at second. With Hooper on second and Yerkes on first, the Boston crowd turned loose a loud cheer. Yerkes turned loose a grounder, which was forced at second when Fletcher took first. Speaker's grounder and tossed to Doyle, who completed a double play by throwing Speaker out at first.



Heinie Wagner.

STAHL CONFIDENT OF BEATING GIANTS

CHICAGO, Oct. 11.—A telegram from "Jake" Stahl, was read last night at a banquet of the Woodlawn Business Men's association, of which the Red Sox manager is a member, announcing that he would carry out the wishes of his friends by bringing home the "bacon."

Snodgrass taking second. It was the hit and run play. Merkle fanned. No runs, one hit, one error.

NINTH INNING.
First half—Gardner singled to center. Stahl sacrificed, Ames to Merkle. Gardner took second. Ames was unsteady and Wagner walked to first. Wagner was forced at second when Fletcher took Cady's grounder and passed it to Doyle. Gardner went to third on the play. Gardner scored on Wood's single to right. Cady taking third. Hooper filed to Snodgrass. One run, two hits, no error.

Second half—Hooper singled to Speaker. Meyers fouled out to Cady. Fletcher popped to Stahl. No runs, no hits, no error.

BOSTON		AB	R	B	H	P	OA	E
Hooper, 2f	.....	5	0	1	2	5	0	0
Yerkes, 1b	.....	4	0	1	2	5	0	0
Speaker, cf	.....	4	0	1	2	5	0	0
Lewis, 1f	.....	4	0	1	2	5	0	0
Gardner, 3b	.....	3	2	2	0	5	0	0
Stahl, 1b	.....	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
Wagner, ss	.....	3	0	0	2	3	1	0
Murray, 1f	.....	4	0	1	0	0	0	0
Cady, c	.....	4	0	2	0	2	0	0
Wood, p	.....	4	0	2	0	2	0	0
Totals	.....	32	3	5	27	12	1	0

NEW YORK		AB	R	B	H	P	OA	E
Devore, 1f	.....	4	0	1	0	0	0	0
Doyle, 2b	.....	4	0	1	4	2	6	0
Snodgrass, cf	.....	4	0	0	3	0	0	0
Merkle, 1b	.....	4	0	1	0	0	0	0
Herzog, 3b	.....	4	1	2	2	1	0	0
Meyers, c	.....	4	0	1	5	1	1	0
Fletcher, ss	.....	4	0	1	3	8	0	0
Tesreau, p	.....	2	0	1	0	2	0	0
McCormick, *	.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Ames, p	.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	.....	25	1	5	27	13	1	0

*McCormick batted for Tesreau in seventh.

SCORE BY INNINGS.
Boston 010 100 001—3
New York 000 000 100—1

SUMMARY.
Two-base hits—Fletcher, Speaker. Three-base hit—Gardner. Hits—Off Tesreau, 2 runs and 5 hits in 24 times at bat in seven innings; off Ames, 1 run 3 hits in 8 times at bat in 2 innings. Sacrifice hits—Yerkes, Stahl. Stolen bases—Merkle, Stahl. Double plays—Fletcher to Doyle to Merkle. Left on bases—Boston: 7; New York: 7. First base on balls—Off Tesreau, 2; off Ames, 1. First base on errors—New York: 1. Struck out—By Tesreau, 5; by Wood, 8. Wild pitch—Tesreau, 2. Time, 2:08. Umpires—At plate, Rigler; on bases, O'Loughlin; left field, Evans; right field, Klem.

NAVY BACKS MAKE COACHES NERVOUS.

ANNAPOLIS, Oct. 11.—Crude work by the back field at the naval academy, may continue to give the football coaches cause for worry. The backs



Free Merkle.



Steve Yerkes.

GAME AT CHICAGO CALLED IN TWELFTH

CHICAGO, Oct. 11.—Darkness ended the second game of the series between the Chicago American and National League clubs at the end of the twelfth inning today, with a score of 3 to 2.

It was the second tie between the teams, the first resulting in a 0 to 0 score.

Cheney pitched masterly and received brilliant support from the Cubs. Walsh relieved Clettle in the ninth after the score had been tied. Lord and Weaver collided while trying to get Sullivan's angle and both were knocked unconscious. Weaver had to be carried off the field. Lord walked with the assistance of players. The score:

Americans	3	12	2
Nationals	3	11	1

Batteries: Cleotte, Walsh and Sullivan; Cheney and Archer.

Batteries: Clettle, Walsh and Sullivan; Cheney and Archer.

AUSTRALIAN TEAM TO PLAY STANFORD

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Oct. 11.—The Varsity Australian rugby football team, which will meet the team of Stanford here tomorrow, was selected today from the twenty-seven all-Australian players. The men were picked by Captain Ward Prentice of Sydney, acting with Manager Dr. Otto Bohrs, both of Sydney. The team will line up as follows:

Forwards: Harold George, Tom Griffin, Ted Fahy, George Pugh, James Wyllie, Manny Frazer, Tom Richards, all of Sydney.

Half back: Alfred Walker, Sydney. Five eighths: Captain Ward Prentice, Sydney; Herbert Jones, New Castle.

Fullback: L. Melbourn, Orange. In regard to tomorrow's game, Captain Prentice said:

"We regard this as the most important game of the twelve matches of our tour. In the games already played we were not in condition to do our best. The men came from all parts of Australia and have never played together before. With the week's practice, we have rounded out a working team, and gotten rid of our sea legs."

An enthusiastic student rally was held here tonight.

AVIATOR MARTIN BACK FROM EAST

SANTA ANA, Oct. 11.—Glenn L. Martin, the aviator, has returned from the east. He will spend the greater part of the winter in Southern California, pushing work on new airplanes and hydroaeroplanes and conducting an aviation school.

Mrs. C. G. Martin, the aviator's mother, returned with him, having witnessed his feats of flying. Martin took first prize money in the aeroplane meet in Chicago and second money in the hydroaeroplane meet.

Duck and Quail

Season Opens Oct. 15

How Are You Fixed?

Have you ordered your shells?
Are your boots all right?
How about a gun that's right?
Don't you need a duck stamp and call, hunting coat, hunting hat, shirt and pants, decoys, gun case, rookid pad, sweater?
You can find everything you need here at the right price.

Lewald & Schlueter
1028 EYE STREET.

A Cure From The Forest

Nature in her wisdom and beneficence has provided, in her great vegetable laboratory, the forest, a cure for most of the ills and ailments of humanity. Work and study have perfected the compounding of these botanical medicines and placed them at our disposal. We rely upon them first because of their ability in curing disease, and next because we can use them with the confidence that such remedies do not injure the system. Among the best of these remedies from the forest is S. S. S., a medicine made entirely of roots, herbs and bark. It does not contain a particle of harmful mineral. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Sores and Ulcers, Scrofula, Malaria, Skin Diseases, Contagious Blood Poison and all other diseases dependent on impure blood. As a tonic S. S. S. builds up the system by supplying a sufficient amount of vigor and nourishment to the body. S. S. S. always cures without leaving any unpleasant or injurious effects. Book on the blood and any medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



AMUSEMENTS

Teal's Theatre Phone 2518

MATINEES TODAY 3 P. M.
Tonight's Performance, 7:45-9:15. Prices, 10-20-25-30-40-50-75-1.00-1.50-2.00-2.50-3.00-3.50-4.00-4.50-5.00-5.50-6.00-6.50-7.00-7.50-8.00-8.50-9.00-9.50-10.00-10.50-11.00-11.50-12.00-12.50-13.00-13.50-14.00-14.50-15.00-15.50-16.00-16.50-17.00-17.50-18.00-18.50-19.00-19.50-20.00-20.50-21.00-21.50-22.00-22.50-23.00-23.50-24.00-24.50-25.00-25.50-26.00-26.50-27.00-27.50-28.00-28.50-29.00-29.50-30.00-30.50-31.00-31.50-32.00-32.50-33.00-33.50-34.00-34.50-35.00-35.50-36.00-36.50-37.00-37.50-38.00-38.50-39.00-39.50-40.00-40.50-41.00-41.50-42.00-42.50-43.00-43.50-44.00-44.50-45.00-45.50-46.00-46.50-47.00-47.50-48.00-48.50-49.00-49.50-50.00-50.50-51.00-51.50-52.00-52.50-53.00-53.50-54.00-54.50-55.00-55.50-56.00-56.50-57.00-57.50-58.00-58.50-59.00-59.50-60.00-60.50-61.00-61.50-62.00-62.50-63.00-63.50-64.00-64.50-65.00-65.50-66.00-66.50-67.00-67.50-68.00-68.50-69.00-69.50-70.00-70.50-71.00-71.50-72.00-72.50-73.00-73.50-74.00-74.50-75.00-75.50-76.00-76.50-77.00-77.50-78.00-78.50-79.00-79.50-80.00-80.50-81.00-81.50-82.00-82.50-83.00-83.50-84.00-84.50-85.00-85.50-86.00-86.50-87.00-87.50-88.00-88.50-89.00-89.50-90.00-90.50-91.00-91.50-92.00-92.50-93.00-93.50-94.00-94.50-95.00-95.50-96.00-96.50-97.00-97.50-98.00-98.50-99.00-99.50-100.00-100.50-101.00-101.50-102.00-102.50-103.00-103.50-104.00-104.50-105.00-105.50-106.00-106.50-107.00-107.50-108.00-108.50-109.00-109.50-110.00-110.50-111.00-111.50-112.00-112.50-113.00-113.50-114.00-114.50-115.00-115.50-116.00-116.50-117.00-117.50-118.00-118.50-119.00-119.50-120.00-120.50-121.00-121.50-122.00-122.50-123.00-123.50-124.00-124.50-125.00-125.50-126.00-126.50-127.00-127.50-128.00-128.50-129.00-129.50-130.00-130.50-131.00-131.50-132.00-132.50-133.00-133.50-134.00-134.50-135.00-135.50-136.00-136.50-137.00-137.50-138.00-138.50-139.00-139.50-140.00-140.50-141.00-141.50-142.00-142.50-143.00-143.50-144.00-144.50-145.00-145.50-146.00-146.50-147.00-147.50-148.00-148.50-149.00-149.50-150.00-150.50-151.00-151.50-152.00-152.50-153.00-153.50-154.00-154.50-155.00-155.50-156.00-156.50-157.00-157.50-158.00-158.50-159.00-159.50-160.00-160.50-161.00-161.50-162.00-162.50-163.00-163.50-164.00-164.50-165.00-165.50-166.00-166.50-167.00-167.50-168.00-168.50-169.00-169.50-170.00-170.50-171.00-171.50-172.00-172.50-173.00-173.50-174.00-174.50-175.00-175.50-176.00-176.50-177.00-177.50-178.00-178.50-179.00-179.50-180.00-180.50-181.00-181.50-182.00-182.50-183.00-183.50-184.00-184.50-185.00-185.50-186.00-186.50-187.00-187.50-188.00-188.50-189.00-189.50-190.00-190.50-191.00-191.50-192.00-192.50-193.00-193.50-194.00-194.50-195.00-195.50-196.00-196.50-197.00-197.50-198.00-198.50-199.00-199.50-200.00-200.50-201.00-201.50-202.00-202.50-203.00-203.50-204.00-204.50-205.00-205.50-206.00-206.50-207.00-207.50-208.00-208.50-209.00-209.50-210.00-210.50-211.00-211.50-212.00-212.50-213.00-213.50-214.00-214.50-215.00-215.50-216.00-216.50-217.00-217.50-218.00-218.50-219.00-219.50-220.00-220.50-221.00-221.50-222.00

MEETING NOTICES

HELP WANTED - For

WANTED—Waitress at Boston Caf-
epine 1918 H St., phone 1942.

WANTED—Girl to do housework
in care for boys, phone 4444.

WANTED—A girl for general ho-
usework. 1919 E St.

WANTED—12 girls at American
Hotel, to pack lunches. One at
each house, contact Alvin and G.
1919 E St.

WANTED—Seasonal girl, \$25 per
month. 729 M St.

COMPETENT WOMAN—for
housework and cooking, good
references. 1860 Dupont Ave.
N. W.

WANTED—Girl to assist on kitchen of 1027 Thayer St. Phone 1948.

A COMPETENT GIRL, for housework, 1067 T St. Phone 145.

WANTED—Girl or young married man for general housework part or full time, nights, come at 11 o'clock, 1027 Thayer St. Phone 1948. mail, two or only one, summer 1949. 21 Marriage Apartments.

WANTED—Girl for housework, 15 Erie Lane, Phone 136.

WANTED—An experienced man for alterations department, his experience must be needed. Hunter-Gardner Co.

WANTED—For house work.

WANTED—Experienced housework and
cook in family. 331 Erie St.

EXPERIENCED GIRL or woman
cook, family of four; good wages.
A. A. Pratt, 106 E. 1st, corner 2nd.

WANTED—Woman for dish washing
and cook's helper, for restaurant.
1239 J St.

WANTED—Experienced saleslady
Woolen Cloth and Suits House
morning.

WANTED—Experienced stenog-
rapher. Answer San Joaquin Light & Power
Co.

WANTED—Experiences help book-
er and saleslady. Apply in own
writing. Address X. R., Box 3

WANTED—A night school teacher for the Japanese church. Please apply, 748 S. 1st St.

WANTED—Experienced waiters, 1915 1st St.

WANTED—Competent maid for work, 3381 1st St.

WANTED—A cook for family of Abby Sargent, 159 Yosemite.

GRAPE PACKERS at 4c per Fresno Fruit Growers Co., Phone 100.

WANTED—An experienced second road wages. Apply 1656 M St.

EXPERIENCED dining room

LEARN HAIR DRESSING
FAMOUS HEAVY CUT V. S. S.
English b'w CALIF. SCHOOL
HAIR DRESSING, 767 Market
San Francisco.

STENOGRAPHER for law office:
Salary \$36 a month. Address
Box 21, Republican, stating ed
and experience, if any.

WANTED—A girl to do cooking
quire 1407 K St.

WANTED—2 waitresses. Call 1338
post St.

WANTED—A girl for general
work. Must know swimming

WANTED—Girl at the American yard Co. to pack Thompson's raisins. Call at packing house, Mercier and G Sts.

WANTED—Experienced waiters chocolate dipper. Apply Norton.

WANTED—Woman about 35, a cuazibrance, to go partners in a ranch; work against capital. N. Hox 8, Republican.

Business Opportunities

FOR SALE—Workmen's hotel, and furniture, bar, house, large liquor, fruit, Macquinn, and 284 Richmond Ave., E15 Ave. Ave., Richmond.

FOR SALE—General merchandise in town of 1899 population. A voice or sell for \$5000 cash or for stock and fixtures. Rent of free for six months. Good: reuse sewing. Andrew N. K., Box 35, Republican.

D. W. MATTHEW.

GROCERY STORE for sale; va-
location, good lease, good new
rent only \$1 per day. This store

FOR SALE—Small ice cream parlour for any kind of business and necessary appliances and a No. 1 location with a snap. Terms, 10% cash with balance.

STORY & GLASGOW, 116 J.

FOR SALE—Blacksmith shop in
ville, well equipped with gaso-
line, hand saw, drill and pho-
tine and hand saw, small equip-
ment. Good corner lot. Frank Ka-
raker River, Cal.

FOR SALE by owner, gift room
side of depot and lunch room
other, doing a thriving busi-
ness away on account of a
cheap to cash if sold in three
months. Address S. O., Box 14, Emph-
is, Tenn.

GOOD brick business block in
A good safe investment.
W. W. STANFORD, 1142 J

AT SACRAMENTO—high class
and good interiors. Present new

AGENTS WANTED
AGENTS on salary or commission for agent's exclusive purchase of pen and ink. Buy at 200 to 500 per gross box. Use

THE MONEY is yours if you are the winner. Sell to everybody. No necessary, show it and the made. 100 per cent profit. To agent will send for free par
Williams Co., Lewis, Cal. Dep

FIVE EIGHT ZERO

THE LAND CO.
of
St. Louis, Mo.
Investments for real estate
work done, & no
one and 3 wagons,
H and Monterey, I

THE PROPERTY INVESTMENT CO.
11, 1155 J St.
I have you?
HAWKSON CO.

ROOM 1. FIVE
specialty of packing
thing to trade see
THE REALTY CO.,
Fourth St.
BOCHANGERS
as wood, partly im
trade for city. Man
parts of the
or new land.
of Minneapolis. M
ice vacant. Price
for Oakland, same
we land south of
are you to offer
it?

THE TRAINER for vocal
and musical. Call
Harmon St., 225 W
and for book
Box 5, Springfield
our specialty. Y
in. What have you
W. MATTHEW.
between 4 and 1
al Instructor
HOBMAN-Vocal
specialty. Bunde 1151

CHRISTIE, vocal culture
in Christiana,
a, Vienna. Studio
club. Te gusta
where Fridays or
also in Seine and
CHIE, vocal culture
Phone 2444.
G. MARTON, glass
regulator. Phone 512.
L. THOMAS, vocal
cultural. Phone
312.
must read some
Y., Box 7, Republic
TERSEN, teacher
and. Educated in
to 210 St. St.

Y. IONE BROOKS, pianist,
in, expansive voice
in physical cult
Ave. Phone 3683 Y.

LEITCHER of King
Piano studio, 1206
R-3.

LEE GRAY, pianist
Phone 2184. Student

J. IRWIN—Piano
to 1485 N St. Phone

IANO and furniture
finishing. Phone 26

IONS given by the
Coquina October 1
or Phone 1371 R.

ILLER, teacher of
Forthcamp. Phone

violin, mandolin,
string instruments
teacher, at pupils
S. Samuelson, 149
1930 L.
RIGGS STUDIOS
Teacher of voice,
and oratorio, concert
singing.
Singing in all its
formation of tone to
Pupils filling the
solo positions in the
orchestra playing. 1233 L.
THIS, voice, piano,
harp, call term be
Jackson. Phone 28
ERSON—Piano tuner,
555 J.
ERGE HASTINGS

HOHMAN—Voice
a specialty. Stud
— Piano tuning,
and polishing. Ph
m. Residence 321
TEACHER from
4, 30 cents per les
t, the famous Cas
N. Phone 1423.
Pathic Physic
SON & MRS. DR.
Land Co. Bldg.
ence 2373. Gradu

PHYSICIANS AND
TYPEWRITERS

DR. MONK—Public Health and Central District
—**ALDWIN**, stenographer
Land Co. Bldg. 1
STENOGRAPHER, none
Owen, 217 Land

CELLANEO
PIGS will cure a
\$3.00 per month, C
treatment. Mrs. C
anager, 1821 Har
2133 J.
Maternity Sanitari
Ave., Oakland.
received; confirma

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
J. H. FINE, JR.
ATTORNEY - FINE
J. H. FINE, JR.

SOCIALISTS SHOUT DR. ROWELL MEMORIAL DERISION; THEN APPROVAL

Fund Over \$6,000; Desires \$10,000 Before Deciding on Plans

At a meeting of the Rowell Memorial Fund Committee held yesterday evening the following statement to the public was authorized:

The Dr. Rowell Memorial Committee hereby reports that there has been subscribed to date to the popular subscription fund the sum of \$6,453.55. Of this amount a portion has not yet been paid. Your committee feels that there should be at least ten thousand dollars paid in before deciding the nature of the memorial to be erected. Since many of the citizens of Fresno county were away during the summer, we kindly ask all who have not subscribed and desire to do so to send their subscriptions prior to October 21.

We would ask those who have not yet paid their subscription to do so prior to the above date. All contributions should be sent to Louis Einsteins, chairman.

(Signed) MEMORIAL COMMITTEE, By Louis Einsteins, chairman.

and United States senator, and at home by his causing Progressive legislation not only to be enacted but enforced by Progressive officials.

On the other hand, he said it vexed him to hear people assert that Roosevelt is the pioneer who started the movement, way for this Progressive movement, and in his argument he harked back to the days of the Union and even to a generation before to demonstrate that when the question of the people's rule was fairly put these economic measures had always come to the fore, save only during the early '60s when the country was disturbed that it is an absurdity to claim for Roosevelt the origin of the Progressive issue, he said that even if he were disposed to vote for Taft, it can't be done and this he claimed as another outrage. He could not vote for Roosevelt, said he, and personally he would not vote for a straight ticket in his life, but that as humanity is organized he did not consider it entirely safe to withdraw competition from life's activities.

The speaker said he was proud to say he opposed everything that Darrow stood for in his speech, declaimed against communism and asserted that it would be a most disastrous day for the American people when it would act on his advice.

It was at this time that the cries of "Taft" commenced and the speaker was compelled to close hurriedly in some confusion, without having had much opportunity to consider the merits and demerits of the various candidates.

TEMPERANCE ADDRESS. Following him, Rev. Don A. Allen, speaking for the prohibitionists, made a telling temperance talk on original lines to maintain that the man who takes finance without sobriety and good life has missed his mark, that liquor does more hurt and harm than all the trusts, that booze is the main cause of all trouble and alcohol is the product of death. The speaker differentiated biblically between fermented and sweet wine, and in closing related generally the aims and principles that the prohibition party has stood for all years to maintain that the greatest curse the nation is not shining dollars but a shining manhood.

SOCIALISTS SPEAK. C. Clifton, Socialist candidate for the legislature, denied that Socialism stands for the principle of communism, declared that the party stands for the public use of publicly owned property as well as the private use of privately owned property. The speaker enlarged upon the Socialist doctrine, and asserted that the Socialists are the real Progressives while the others are only followers.

Mr. Clifton, of Kingsburg, another Socialist legislative candidate, spoke only briefly for his party to endorse the prohibition plea for sobriety but to attack that party's platform in endorsing the demands of labor in so far as they do not infringe upon the rights of capitalists.

NOT REPRESENTATIVE. A. M. Drew made various announcements at the opening of the meeting, taking advantage of the occasion also to unobscure himself as to some thoughts on Progressives and asserting that they are of several kinds, some Progressives for revenue and other Progressives who are working back-wards.

Mr. Drew referred to the efforts at Progressiveness made in this state during several sessions of the legislature in which he participated to free the state government from railroad domination and he had the audience with him when he stated that personally he does not favor the Progressive candidate for President, not considering him a Progressive by principle but the personification of one-man power, the biggest egotist and a man who is actuated only by the greatest selfish ambition to demand things that Washington, Jefferson, Jackson and Lincoln had declined. Mr. Drew referred also to Roosevelt as a hypocrite, asserting that he was brought out by the corporate interests and that he and his followers stand for power and rule.

Mr. Drew stated that no straw vote on president would be taken at the meeting because it was not a representative one in point of numbers. He also apologized for the non-appearance of the legislative candidates because they had put their heads together and resolved not to speak from the same platform.

IN RESTRAINT OF SPEECH. Chairman W. R. Curson bore out this assertion, adding that he had interviewed the two candidates and they had passed the question up to each other with the resolution not to speak from this platform because the audiences were mainly representative of Socialism. This statement evoked a howl of derision.

SIX CONDUCTORS ARE SAVED FROM DEATH

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 11.—Six American railway conductors who were captured at the San Alito in northern Yucatan when about to be shot by the rebels, were rescued by the rebel chief, Antonio Munoz. The captors declared their belief that an American army had invaded Mexico and, prompted to wreak vengeance on the prisoners, An Munoz knew differently he caused the execution to be stopped.

One of the conductors is named McNabb. He is sixty years old and acted as engineer in charge. Another is named J. O'Connor.

Film for sale, printed and developed in a first class manner. Baker & Co., 200 Drug Company, Phone Main 27.

MILLION DOLLAR DAY IS ADDED TO CALENDAR

Then, October 21, Every body Will Aid Raisin Corporation

To Map Out Territory and Put Volunteer Solicitors in the Field

Million Dollar Day! Monday, October 21. That adds another purely Fresno Day to the calendar. But unlike Haisin Day, it will not be a yearly event, because one million dollars is enough.

The date was decided upon yesterday at a meeting of the committee of the California Raisin Exchange, Chamber of Commerce and Merchants Association at the office of the Exchange. A large representation from the various committees was present.

The matter of expediting the securing of subscriptions for the Million Dollar Raisin Company was fully discussed in all its phases.

F. H. Sissons suggested that in order to permit of better publicity and advertising a little more time should be taken.

C. H. Miller suggested that the merchants be requested to refer to Million Dollar Day in their advertising matter to attract for general attention to the project.

For the purpose of concerted soliciting by the volunteer committees on Million Dollar Day, the committee decided to divide the business portion of the city into districts, for all sections east of the Southern Pacific railroad.

Under this plan the Grand Central corner is made the radiant point from which a line drawn along Mariposa street to M street is intersected by a line drawn along J street from California to Monterey streets dividing the city into four quadrants comprising the business section east of the R. R. track; with two additional divisions west of the track, one of which will be taken care of by a committee from the Japanese Association and the other by members of the Joint committee.

The committee from the Merchants Association will meet with the chairman of the Joint committee in the office of the Merchants Association, room 204, Geary building, at 7 p. m. Monday, October 14, to assign the volunteer members of the soliciting committees to their respective districts.

Mr. J. Hyselund suggested that Mr. C. A. Berg be asked by the committee if he would donate his advertising services free for one week between now and Million Dollar Day, and upon making the request, Mr. Berg very kindly signified his willingness to give his services free, and henceforth during the period named he will have charge of the advertising work.

By resolution unanimously passed all persons interested in the success of the project were urged to do every thing possible toward securing subscriptions to this popular profit-sharing company.

W. R. Nutting of the Exchange was present throughout the meeting and concurred in all that was done.

HOW IT STANDS

At the close of office hours last night at the Raisin Exchange, the number of subscribers approached the thousand mark and the money a quarter of a million. The following detailed statement was given out.

Subscribers	Town	Amount
152	Fresno	\$60,500
122	Seima	12,000
112	Kingsburg	18,200
110	Kingsburg	18,200
60	Del Rey	17,300
79	Fowler	16,800
64	Sanger	14,800
27	Parlier	9,400
70	Oleander	8,200
42	Clovis	5,900
1	San Francisco	3,300
25	Thousand Oaks	3,000
12	Hanford	3,000
29	Orosi	3,000
5	Madera	1,200
5	Monmouth	1,000
5	Cruthers	900
6	Howles	700
5	Yettien	600
5	Malaga	600
5	Lemoore	500
4	Sultana	500
2	Visalia	300
1	Merced	300
1	Coalinga	200
1	Hanford	100
1	Kings River	100
1	Las Palmas	100

Received at office to Friday night October 11.

considering him a Progressive by principle but the personification of one-man power, the biggest egotist and a man who is actuated only by the greatest selfish ambition to demand things that Washington, Jefferson, Jackson and Lincoln had declined. Mr. Drew referred also to Roosevelt as a hypocrite, asserting that he was brought out by the corporate interests and that he and his followers stand for power and rule.

Mr. Drew stated that no straw vote on president would be taken at the meeting because it was not a representative one in point of numbers. He also apologized for the non-appearance of the legislative candidates because they had put their heads together and resolved not to speak from the same platform.

IN RESTRAINT OF SPEECH. Chairman W. R. Curson bore out this assertion, adding that he had interviewed the two candidates and they had passed the question up to each other with the resolution not to speak from this platform because the audiences were mainly representative of Socialism. This statement evoked a howl of derision.

SIX CONDUCTORS ARE SAVED FROM DEATH

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 11.—Six American railway conductors who were captured at the San Alito in northern Yucatan when about to be shot by the rebels, were rescued by the rebel chief, Antonio Munoz. The captors declared their belief that an American army had invaded Mexico and, prompted to wreak vengeance on the prisoners, An Munoz knew differently he caused the execution to be stopped.

One of the conductors is named McNabb. He is sixty years old and acted as engineer in charge. Another is named J. O'Connor.

Film for sale, printed and developed in a first class manner. Baker & Co., 200 Drug Company, Phone Main 27.

A Sale of High Class Tailored Suits For Women Begins at Kutner's Today



—Seldom has it been given to Fresno women to choose from so many materials and so many styles at prices so moderate, considering the superb tailoring and careful finish of these tailored suits—Two hints:

\$50.00 Suits \$35.00 **\$36.95 Suits \$25.00**

—Of wide wale diagonals, chevrets, serges and two toned effects. Soft autumn colors and navy; suits that "set" jauntily and fit so well—suits so cleverly trimmed and carefully tailored that the price seems unbelievable.

—Of serges, chevrets, diagonals, etc., in navy and favored autumn colors, in plain and two-toned effects, and whether strictly tailored or trimmed, they have the tone and air that discerning women recognize as quickly as the texture or color of the cloth.

Serge Suits \$16.95

—Plainly tailored navy blue serge suits. Cut on good lines, well lined coats; good business suits, \$16.95

Girls' Suits \$7.50

—Of checked wool goods; made like sketch shown here. A good suit for school wear, price \$7.50.



"Tantalizing Tommy" Coats at Kutner's \$15

—Broadway has the play, but we have the coats. The very newest thing in coats for women and girls—Of navy blue cloth, lined throughout with red and revers and cuffs of red. See them today. Price \$15.00.

Children's Dresses 79c

—Nice school dresses for the little girl, of striped galatea with smart red belt, ages 2 to 6 years; price 79c each.

The New Two-in-One

Waist at Kutner's \$3.50

—Is made of messaline in white, black or navy, and is a double combination of high and low neck in one, open front. The waist is so designed that by facing the laid down collar it forms a high neck collar; the silk cord adds as a trimming. Business women will be interested in seeing it; price \$3.50.

Lingerie

Waists

\$2.50

—Women will be glad to hear we have opened up another shipment of dainty white lingerie waists; high neck and long sleeves; prettily trimmed with fine lace and insertion. Price \$2.50.



Millinery Specials

—The new millinery section at Kutner's, one of the busiest spots in the city.

—Here are featured hats of high style without high price

Today's Big Specials

—Black velvet shapes, \$4.00 values, \$2.49; all styles and sizes. \$5.00 to \$8.00 black velvet shapes, \$4.95; newest shapes and sizes.

New Models In Neckwear

—The Robespierre collar in many phases, and all its most attractive guises, may be seen in the neckwear department these early autumn days, 25c and 50c each.



\$1.75 Black Taffeta 98c

—Kutner's "money back" taffeta; 63 inches wide. Special today at 98c yard.

Velveteens 50c

—22 inch chiffon velveteen; all colors; regular 60c; today 50c yard.

Petticoat Silks 38c

—Sampson silk for serviceable petticoats; all colors; regular 50c yard; today for 38c.

Whipcord 48c

—36 inch whipcord, in all colors and black; our regular 60c quality; today 48c yard.

New Corsets

—Many new Royal Worcester models are being shown in the corset department, and each has some new feature or point of interest about it.

—The corset models at \$1.00 are with low bust and long hips; is good for slim figures.

—For the medium figure our \$1.50 corset model, with medium or high bust and extra long hips, is especially attractive.

—\$2.00 buys a dandy corset model with low bust and extremely long hips.

Hair Goods

—\$6.00 switches of fine hair, today, \$4.00.

—\$5.00 transformations, wavy hair, today, \$3.00.

—\$8.00 natural wavy switches, 28 in. long, \$5.00

—Large cluster puffs, \$3.00

Interesting Items From

Our Shoe Dept. Today

—NOTICE—A nice lunch basket given FREE today with purchases of children's shoes.

Boys' Shoes at \$1.65 **Misses' Shoes \$1.65**

—\$2.00 satin calf blucher shoes, today \$1.65.

Youths' Shoes 98c **Women's Shoes \$2.50**

—\$1.50 satin calf school shoes, today 98c.

Men's Shoes \$2.95 **Misses' Shoes \$2.50**

—\$3.50 gun metal button or blucher dress shoes, \$2.95

Big Extra Specials **Girls' Coats \$3.95**

—From our domestic department, today, 3 lbs. cotton batting, snow white, for comfortable, 50c.

—Stylish chipmunk coats for children from 2 to 6 years; come in gray or navy with opposite collar and cuffs.

—CHILDREN'S SWEATERS, for little children—they come as low as 50c—then we have a nice line for bigger children at \$1.50. Cardinal, Oxford, white and navy blue.

Our Mariposa Street Store Offers These Attractions



- 50c Kitchen Knife, 39c
- 20c set of six Palm Mats, 15c
- 30c Individual Glass Sugar and Creamer, in Colonial pattern, 22c
- 35c Salad Set consisting of wooden salad fork and spoon, 29c
- 40c padded sleeve board, 29c
- 40c Federal Clothes Rack 29c
- 50c large Fibre Pail, 39c
- 65c Claywood Cuspidors, 49c
- \$1.25 Decorated China Cake Plate, 75c
- \$1.25 Fancy Glass Water Set in fleur de lis design, 95c
- \$1.50 extra large Brown Daisy Floor Mat, \$1.23
- \$2.00 La Flat Wool Floor Brush, \$1.75

To Be Found at the Hardware

- \$2.25 Large size Food Choppers, \$1.60
- 5c Wire Coat Hangers, 35c doz.
- 15c Dover Egg Beaters, 7c
- 20c long handle Fire Shovels, 12c
- 40c Percolators, 28c
- 70c Stove Boards, 50c
- \$1.00 Galv. Wash Tubs, large size, 60c
- \$1.50 Oven for single burners, \$1.20
- \$1.50 Gas Waffle Irons, \$1.20
- \$3.50 Percolators, \$2.85
- 18 inch lined Air-tight Heaters, cast legs, \$1.75

Chi-Namel Demonstration

Oct. 14th and Oct. 15th

We want to see you at our store on these dates as the occasion is very special—A representative of one of the leading manufacturers of wood decorating material will be with us, with a full line of samples to show our "makers." This will be an interesting demonstration, and you are very cordially invited.

Kutner's Grocery Specials

—Heinz Apple Butter, 3 lb. crocks, 45c each

—25c bottles Snider's Catsup, 20c bottle.

—J. H. N. Asparagus Tips, 20c can.

—Swift & Courtney's Matches, 3 boxes 10c

—Del Monte Buckwheat, 20c pkg.

—American Biscuit Co.'s Graham Wafers, 3 pkgs. 25c

Kutner's
The House That Saves You Money
1119-1123-T Street
1001-1010 Mariposa Street

German Reed

The Newest Departure In the Manufacture of Serviceable and Artistic Furniture for the Living Room or Bedroom.

We now have on our floor the largest display of Reed Furniture we have ever shown. These goods combine strength with lightness, and their artistic lines and bright, cheerful appearance are distinctly pleasing. They are not expensive, considering their beauty, and the length of service they will give. We have a great many patterns, in chairs and tables. By fitting the former with cretonne cushions to match the hangings in a room a very pleasing effect may be obtained. Call in and we will be glad to show you around.

Wormser Furniture Co.

Fresno's Foremost Furniture Firm

Lowest Prices - Easy Terms - Public Storage